

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS
OF NORTH CAROLINA

Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, North Carolina

June 15-19th, 1952

The Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina convened at the Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, North Carolina, Sunday, June 15th, 1952 for a dinner meeting at 7 P. M.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. James P. Rousseau, President. Drs. Newsom P. Battle, Joseph J. Combs, Secretary-Treasurer, L. Randolph Doffermyre, Clyde R. Hedrick, Amos N. Johnson, Heyward C. Thompson, and Mrs. Louise J. McNeill, Assistant Secretary-Treasurer, were present.

RE: Dr. Zelna Kalnins, displaced physician from Latvia - See Minutes of the Board of Medical Examiners for January and May, 1952 for complete report on Dr. Kalnins.

The president reported that there had been much criticism of the Board of Medical Examiners from the Grange at Bethany, North Carolina, which paid Dr. Kalnins expenses to come to the United States and that articles unfavorable to the board had appeared in the newspapers. That Dr. Kalnins was given a position in the laboratory of the Department of Pathology and Bacteriology of Bowman Gray School of Medicine as a technician and that the grange and the ministerial association got the idea that after working there she would be allowed to take the examination of the Board of Medical Examiners. Dr. Rousseau said that he and Dr. C. C. Carpenter, Dean of Bowman Gray School of Medicine, advised Dr. Kalnins to go to Illinois where she could spend two years in an accredited teaching institution, after which she would be allowed to take the Illinois Board, which Dr. Kalnins stated she desired to do. When she told the grange at Bethany her plans, Reverend Barham wrote her stating that she was obligated to Bethany; that they expected her to stay in North Carolina; that they would take the matter up with the Legislature and change the law.

Dr. Rousseau reported that he had been working on this matter; that he and Dr. Carpenter conferred with Reverend Barham on several occasions and that now the grange realizes that Dr. Kalnins does not understand the English language and would be unable to do a country practice; that she had done obstetrics and gynecology since finishing school; that the grange had decided to drop the matter of her procuring license in North Carolina and is interested in assisting her to obtain license in the United States.

Dr. Rousseau said that Reverend Barham has asked that the board attempt to assist in procuring a young man to come to Bethany to do a rural practice and that he had assured him that the board would endeavor to do so.

VERDICT: Dr. Joseph J. Combs moved that the Board of Medical Examiners receive the report with reference to Dr. Zelna Kalnins from the president and thank him for his assistance in relieving the board of the pressure in this case and that it is the decision of the board that it will go along with him and do everything possible in an effort to obtain a physician and that the president be instructed to notify interested parties of the sympathetic feeling of the board. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Newsom P. Battle and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. James J. Crumbley, Jr. - See Minutes May, 1952

As directed by the board at the May, 1952 meeting, the secretary wrote Dr. Crumbley on May 13th, 1952 as follows:

"Dear Dr. Crumbley:

"As suggested in my last letter your case was discussed by our board in regular session May 4th, 1952 at Pinehurst, N. C.



"The board has instructed me to send you pertinent data from the Minutes of your appearance in Morehead City, N. C. July 28th, 1951, which you will find enclosed.

"You will see from this enclosure that you revoked your license when you moved from North Carolina in October, 1951, but according to the statement in my last letter to you, no action was taken.

"The board further instructed me of giving you the privilege of voluntarily surrendering your North Carolina license. In the event you do not wish to comply with this request, it is your privilege to appear before the board in regular session in June, 1952 at the Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, N. C. It will be necessary for you to communicate with me for an appointment on or before June 10th. The board further stated that if you did not appear before it in June and had not surrendered your license voluntarily prior to that time, that your license would be revoked in violation of the conditions on which it was granted."

"JOSEPH J. COMBS, Secretary
NORTH CAROLINA BOARD MEDICAL EXAMINERS"

On May 20th, 1952 Cr. Crumbley replied to the secretary in a lengthy letter setting out certain alternatives by which he would voluntarily surrender his license. (Letter on file)

The president reported that he received a personal letter from Dr. Crumbley and answered the same in a personal manner, on his personal stationery and said letter was not signed by him as president of the board. Dr. Rousseau said he advised Dr. Crumbley that the board wished to prevent vacation practice in the State of North Carolina and that no discrimination was used. The following is letter under date of June 9th from Dr. Crumbley addressed to Dr. Rousseau as president of the board.

"Dear Dr. Rousseau:

"This in further reply to your letter of May 26, 1952, the last paragraph of which reads as follows:

'I thoroughly understand your problem and am anxious to help you in any way possible. I would like to advise you to voluntarily surrender your license until you return to North Carolina to practice medicine. This does not imply permanent revocation of your license. When you return to North Carolina, I can assure you that your license will be returned without prejudice or any record which would reflect upon your honesty, good character and ability.'

"In accordance with the advice contained in the above quoted paragraph of your letter of May 26, 1952, I herewith return and surrender my license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina with the complete understanding that this does not imply permanent revocation of my license and with the understanding that should I return to North Carolina my license would be returned without prejudice and with the further understanding that the return of this license does not in any way reflect upon my honesty, good character or ability.

"I have come to this conclusion after thoroughly considering your advice in the above quoted paragraph of your letter of May 26 and from reading and studying this paragraph and being familiar with your honesty and integrity and your position as President of the Board and feeling that you would not write such a letter without the unanimous consent of the Board, I am acting upon your advice in this matter and you will find herewith enclosed my license.

"I am therefore for the reasons outlined above requesting my mother Mrs. James J. Crumbley, Sr, of Sylvester, Georgia, to forward to you by registered mail my license.

"Thanking you very kindly for your past courtesies and trusting that you are well and happy, I am

"JAMES J. CRUMBLEY, JR."



VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that the Board of Medical Examiners accept the voluntary surrender of medical license number 8888 issued to Dr. James Jernigan Crumbley, Jr. on July 28th, 1951 and that the Board of Medical Examiners will be glad to hear Dr. Crumbley at any future regular session of the board regarding the restoration of said license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Joseph J. Combs and passed unanimously.

(Said license of Dr. James Jernigan Crumbley, Jr. is in the office of the secretary)

RE: Dr. Charles H. Daugherty - The secretary reported that Dr. Daugherty, who failed to make a passing average on Part II taken in 1951, had applied to retake the examination at this meeting; that his credentials were in order except for a technical requirement by the office of the secretary.

VERDICT: Dr. Newsom P. Battle moved that Dr. Charles H. Daugherty be shown every consideration and that the regulation for the technical requirement be waived. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Amos N. Johnson and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Lansing G. Childs - The secretary reported that Dr. Childs was granted limited license as a resident to Lincoln Hospital in January, 1952 by virtue of endorsement of credentials from the State of Florida, and he was advised when his residency was completed, if he desired full license to practice in the State of North Carolina he would be required to take the written examination; that Dr. Childs has applied to take the written examination at this meeting.

RE: Examination Grades - The board set July 20th, 1952 as the deadline for having examination grades in the office of the secretary.

RE: Examination Questions - The members of the board discussed the questions for the written examination.

RE: Meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners - Dr. Clyde R. Hedrick moved that a meeting be held at the Robert E. Lee Hotel, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, January 18-19th, 1953; that the board convene for luncheon at 1 P.M. January 18th. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

The meeting adjourned.

Monday, June 16th, 1952

Registration of applicants for Part I and Parts I and II of the written examination was held. One Hundred and Six applicants registered for Part I and thirty-nine for Parts I and II of the examination.

The schedule for examinations was as follows:

Monday, 10 A. M.	Anatomy, Embryology, Histology
2 P. M.	Physiology and Chemistry
Tuesday, 10 A. M.	Pathology and Bacteriology
2 P. M.	Pharmacology, Pediatrics, Hygiene
Wednesday, 9 A. M.	Surgery
2 P. M.	Obstetrics and Gynecology
Thursday, 9 A. M.	Medicine and Therapeutics

The board convened in the Elizabeth Room at 10 A. M. for transaction of business.

RE: Dr. Clinton Beriah Chandler was granted limited license to McPherson Hospital on July 8th, 1951, where he was a resident.

Dr. Chandler has applied for full license and stated that his residency will terminate the first of July, 1952; that he will remain at McPherson Hospital as a staff physician. Dr. Chandler was recommended by Dr. S. D. McPherson, Jr., Administrator.

[The page contains extremely faint and illegible text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the document. The text is scattered across the page and cannot be transcribed accurately.]



VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. Clinton Beriah Chandler be granted full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. Randolph Doffermyre and passed unan- imously.

RE: Dr. Homer Alden Sieber was granted limited license to Duke Uni- versity School of Medicine on January 21st, 1952 where he was a resident.

Dr. Sieber has applied for full license and stated that he would re- main at Duke in practice. The superintendent of Duke Hospital advised that Dr. Sieber's residency will terminate June 30th, 1952 and recommended that he be approved for full license.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. Homer Sieber be granted full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. Randolph Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. William Henry Ross, colored, Southern Pines, North Carolina - The secretary reported as follows:

In November, 1950 the State Bureau of Investigation investigated an alleged criminal abortion by Dr. Ross at the request of the solicitor (the patient expired). The Board of Censors of the Moore County Medical Society, and then the society as a whole, found no cause for action against Dr. Ross. He was indicted by the grand jury for manslaughter and was brought to trial May 24th, 1951. The case was dismissed by the judge for insufficient evi- dence.

On May 17th, 1952 Dr. H. A. Peck, Secretary of the Moore County Medi- cal Society, wrote the secretary and enclosed a copy of the hearing of Dr. Ross before its Board of Censors, at which time Dr. Ross admitted to hav- ing performed a criminal abortion, following which a call meeting was had of the society, and it recommended that a report be made to the Board of Medical Examiners. A copy of the prosecuting witness' statement was also en- closed. At that time Dr. Peck stated that this matter had come to the atten- tion of the sheriff and solicitor through outside sources. Following the ad- vice of Attorney John H. Anderson, the secretary called Dr. Peck on the tele- phone to inquire whether or not the information procured by the medical soci- ety had been turned over to officials and was told that it had been. The secretary at that time advised Dr. Peck that since the matter was in the court it would be best to await the verdict of the court before action was taken by the Board of Medical Examiners. This statement was made upon ad- vice of Attorney Anderson.

On June 2nd, 1952 Mrs. James Boyd, editor of the paper in Southern Pines, called the secretary and stated that Dr. Ross had plead guilty and the case continued until the August, 1952 term of court; that the people were up in arms about Dr. Ross; that the board should stop him from prac- ticing. On the same date a transcript of the record was received by the secretary, which had been sent to the office of the North Carolina Medical Society at the direction of the judge.

The Bill of Indictment was as follows:

"That W. H. Ross late of the County of Moore on the 8th day of May in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifty- two, with force and arms, at and in the county aforesaid unlaw- fully, wilfully and feloniously did administer to one Ada Goodhue, a pregnant woman, and advise and procure said Ada Goodhue to take medicine, drugs and other things, and did use certain instruments, with intent thereby to procure the miscarriage of the said Ada Goodhue against the form of the statute in such case made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State."

The plea and order of the court was as follows:

"It appearing to the Court that the bill of indictment was return- ed by the grand jury of Moore County on Monday of this term of Court, that no preliminary hearing has been had in the matter, and that the defendant has entered a plea of guilty of charges prefer- red in the bill of indictment, attorney for the defendant states in open Court that hr has not had time to subpoena witnesses as to his character and other witnesses for the defendant, the Court being of



"the opinion that the matter should be continued until the August Term of this Court and the defendant go on his present bond. And it further ordered that a copy of the testimony in this case be forwarded to the State Medical Society, Raleigh, North Carolina for such appropriate action as they deem necessary."

On June 3rd, 1953 the secretary had a conference with Attorney Anderson and he stated that since the judge had directed that the matter be referred to the society, the board should take action and not await trial; that it was impractical to attempt to hear the same at this meeting due to the proximity of the same; that charges should be preferred in the regular manner and the physicians to whom Dr. Ross made his admission and the prosecuting witness on whom the abortion was performed should be subpoenaed. Attorney Anderson conferred with the solicitor and he said he had no recommendation to make but that in his opinion there was sufficient evidence for the board to hear this matter before it came up for trial.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that the North Carolina Board of Medical Examiners request that Dr. W. H. Ross of Southern Pines, North Carolina immediately surrender his medical license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and desist from practicing medicine until his present status in the Court of Moore County, North Carolina, has been clarified; that the board would expect this license to be sent by return mail to Dr. Joseph J. Combs, Secretary, the same to be in his hands not later than Saturday, June 21st, 1952; that if these instructions are not complied with further action would be taken; that if Dr. Ross surrendered his license as directed, hearing would be held after his trial in Moore County. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

The board directed that if Dr. W. H. Ross surrendered his license as directed that the trial judge and solicitor, the editor of the paper in Southern Pines, the Moore County Medical Society, the Old North State Society and the Narcotic Bureau be so notified.

RE: Dr. Roger S. Kiger, Jr. - Dr. James P. Rousseau reported that the last information he had was that Dr. Kiger had gone to the Veterans Administration in Tennessee.

RE: Dr. James E. Smith, colored, Greensboro, North Carolina - See Minutes May, 1952.

The board instructed the secretary at the May, 1952 meeting to write the secretary of the Guilford County Medical Society in an effort to ascertain Dr. Smith's status, his activities at the present time and the opinion of the Guilford County Society concerning him. The secretary reported that he had written the secretary of the Guilford County Society on May 14th and June 7th, 1952 and had received no reply.

RE: Dr. Franklin S. Kincheloe - The following is letter under date of May 24th, 1952 from Dr. Lloyd J. Thompson of the Department of Psychiatry and Neurology of the Bowman Gray School of Medicine:

"Your recent letter inquiring about Dr. Franklin S. Kincheloe has been received. As you know, he was at Graylyn Hospital for some little time but has been back at home now for the past two weeks or more. He is keeping in close contact with Dr. Heath, one of our psychiatrists, and thus far things are going along quite well. Dr. Kincheloe will continue to come frequently for visits, and if there is any further development in this situation I shall certainly let you know."

"Lloyd J. Thompson, M. D."

RE: Dr. Randall C. Smith, Ayden, North Carolina - See file in the office of the secretary for complete summary.

At the May, 1952 meeting the board directed the secretary to request information from the State Hospital and the Pitt County Medical Society as to Dr. Smith's mental condition. The following letter under date of May 14th, 1952 was received from the State Hospital:



"Dear Dr. Combs: RE: Dr. Randall C. Smith

"I am taking the liberty of replying to your letter of May 10th, addressed to Dr. Pleasants, who is away, and will not return before May 26th.

"As you probably know, Dr. Smith went into the service as a medical officer July 1, 1942. In late December, 1942 or early January, 1943, he was in a house which was struck by an enemy bomb, and he received a head injury. He was hospitalized from the time of this injury until his separation from the service March 3, 1944, with total -? disability benefits (\$172.50 per month).

"After the injury, and during this hospitalization, he became addicted to morphine, and continued to be addicted until his narcotic license was revoked in June, 1948.

"He was admitted to Westbrook Sanatorium January 7, 1947 and discharged March 18, 1947, with the diagnosis of Drug Addiction, Morphine. He has had three admissions to the Veterans Administration Hospital, Roanoke, Virginia, (1) July 14, 1947 - thirty days. (2) Exact date not known, but wife stated that it was October 30, 1947 - January, 1948. (3) June 12, 1948 - July 15, 1948. It seems that he probably stopped taking morphine after his narcotic license was revoked, but began taking any other drugs he could get hold of, particularly barbiturates.

"He was admitted to this hospital on inebriate papers for drug addiction August 14, 1951 following several months of manifest mental disorder, believing that everyone was against him, carrying guns, etc., which culminated in it being necessary for several policemen to disarm him in order to have him committed to this hospital. After being here four or five days he went into a state of hallucination which lasted continuously for five days and nights. He was very excited during this period, and sedation had little or no effect. Following this he was somewhat improved and at the end of 60 days was allowed to return home on probation. It seems that he started taking drugs again almost at once and should have been returned immediately, but instead this was deferred until March 25, 1952, after he had threatened to kill his son and wife. After being returned here he was quite depressed and on April 1st attempted to hang himself with his belt. I started electric shock treatment on him at this time and he has received 15 treatments, and he is quite confused, but also appears to be somewhat improved, though I am sure this is only temporary. His wife states that he has been showing mental symptoms since he returned home from service in March, 1944, and this confirms my belief that Dr. Smith is basically mentally disordered, and that drug addiction is secondary. I was talking with Dr. Grady Dixon at Pinehurst on May 6th and he is of the same opinion.

"This case was presented to general staff May 9th and after much discussion the previous diagnosis of Psychosis due to Other Drugs, To wit: Barbiturates, Pentothal, was retained.

"I am having papers made out to have Dr. Smith committed to the Veterans Administration Hospital, Roanoke, Virginia. However, if this transfer does not go through, it will be necessary for us to have him committed as a mental patient to this hospital. I feel that it is very doubtful that Dr. Smith will be able to practice medicine again. However, I would personally prefer to see the State Board of Medical Examiners leave his license intact until such time as it appears that Dr. Smith will be able to be released from the hospital.

"If you desire any further information from Dr. Pleasants, drop him a note after May 26th."

"CHARLES W. TAYLOR
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT
STATE HOSPITAL AT RALEIGH"



On June 11th, 1952 Dr. David A. Young, General Superintendent of the State Hospital advised the secretary that Dr. Smith was still at the State Hospital; that he was not in the alcoholic building; that he thought there was some brain damage, possibly traumatic; that plans were being made to send him to the Veterans Hospital at Roanoke, Virginia.

After considerable deliberation by the board the following motion was carried:

VERDICT: Dr. Newsom P. Battle moved that the medical license of Dr. Randall C. Smith be withdrawn and that the secretary discuss with Attorney John H. Anderson as to the proper manner in which to proceed. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Heyward C. Thompson and passed un-animously.

RE: Dr. Menna W. LeMoine, graduate of a Canadian medical school approved by the American Medical Association, began work at the Eastern North Carolina Sanatorium in December, 1950. Her presence there was not reported by the superintendent until September, 1951, at which time he stated that Dr. LeMoine did not feel quite prepared for the examination in June, 1951 and he suggested that she wait until December, 1951. On October 26th, 1951 Dr. LeMoine was instructed to furnish the board with photostatic copies of her diploma and licenses to practice in Great Britain and Canada; that this data was being procured preparatory to her remaining at the sanatorium until she could take the written examination for license in June, 1952.

Dr. LeMoine was sent requirements for written examination January 23rd, 1952. On June 7th, 1952 Dr. LeMoine had not made application to take the examination and had furnished no credentials and the secretary wrote the superintendent of the sanatorium advising that Dr. LeMoine was expected to take the examination for licensure and that we had not received application or credentials. The following is letter from the superintendent under date of June 11th, 1952:

"Dear Dr. Combs: RE: Dr. Menna W. LeMoine

"This doctor went off duty April 30 to have major surgery done and I was told later that the surgeon had advised her not to return to work before July 1. I have heard that she and her husband are now in Canada and I suspect that she may not return at all. Her husband, who was a Canadian pilot, has been idle and unhappy in Wilson and Dr. LeMoine told me sometime ago that she might have to go back to Canada to work where he will have an opportunity to fly again. Another factor which might cause her to decide now to make the change is her dread of having to take the examination for medical licensure. She did tell me several times though that she intended to take the examination. If I hear anything definite from her, I will let you know.

"Thank you for your interest in our problems."

"H. F. Eason, M. D.
MEDICAL DIRECTOR
EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA SANATORIUM"

RE: Office Equipment

Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that we purchase an electric typewriter for the office of the secretary. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Clyde R. Hedrick and passed unanimously.

Dr. Newsom P. Battle moved that the board authorize the secretary to purchase an electric fan at a reasonable cost for the office of the secretary. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. James P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: Issuance of Application Blanks for Endorsement of Credentials -

Dr. Newsom P. Battle moved that the secretary be instructed to issue no application blanks for endorsement of credentials until after the applicant had filed certain information required by the board. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Amos N. Johnson and passed unanimously.



RE: Dr. A. A. Hoffman, grade B graduate, who was employed at Pittman Hospital, Fayetteville, North Carolina, as an interne -

On April 1st, 1952 the administrator of the hospital advised the secretary that Dr. Hoffman had severed his relations with the Pittman Hospital March 25th, 1952. (See Minutes May, 1952)

Dr. L. Randolph Doffermyre advised he had been informed that Dr. R. L. Pittman of the Pittman Hospital had been endeavoring to ascertain how the information came to the Board of Medical Examiners that Dr. Hoffman was practicing there without license. That after Dr. Hoffman was authorized by the secretary of the board to leave, he had an hernia operation and as of two weeks ago he was still being carried as a patient and was doing the work in the emergency room; that at the present time he was on vacation and the rumor was that he would return to Pittman Hospital in an administrative capacity with the understanding that he would look after the emergency room.

VERDICT: The president instructed Dr. L. Randolph Doffermyre to continue his investigation in connection with Dr. A. A. Hoffman and make a report at the August, 1952 meeting of the board.

The members of the board checked credentials of applicants for licensure by endorsement.

RE: Dr. Frederick D. Quick - Dr. Quick's medical license was revoked on January 21st, 1952 on account of violation of the Harrison Narcotic Act and conviction in the Federal Court. (See Minutes January, 1952)

The following petition was made by Dr. Quick on May 28th, 1952:

"TO THE HONORABLE, THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:

"The undersigned petitioner, Frederick D. Quick of Rockingham, Richmond County, North Carolina, respectfully petitions and showeth:

"1. That, in response to subpoena and Notice, properly and lawfully issued and served, he, together with and represented by counsel, personally appeared before your honorable Board at its regular meeting on January 21st, 1952, at the Robert E. Lee Hotel, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, upon charges and accusations made by the Board against Dr. Quick, as set out in "Notice of Hearing and Accusations," properly issued by the Honorable Joseph J. Combs, M. D., Secretary, Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina, and duly filed in said cause, as by law in such cases provided.

"2. That after due Notice and Hearing, as and at the time and place above set out, your honorable Body, the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina, entered certain findings and Judgment, as specifically set forth in the Judgment entered in this said matter on the 21st day of January, 1952, and by the terms of said Judgment "the license of Dr. Frederick D. Quick to practice Medicine in the State of North Carolina be and the same is hereby revoked and that he be and is hereby requested to deliver and surrender his said license to the Secretary of this Board at 716 Professional Building, Raleigh, North Carolina."

"3. That since said judgment was rendered, and petitioner's license was revoked, as in said Judgment decreed, petitioner has abided by, and complied with the terms of said Judgment, and he has not, either directly or indirectly, engaged in the practice of Medicine, nor has he issued or given prescriptions for narcotics or other opiates, drugs or medicines.

"4. That petitioner has not violated any of the laws of the United States of America since he was tried in the District Court of the United States, Middle District of North Carolina, on the 10th day of September, 1951, nor has he in any way violated the terms of the Judgment of that Court, then and there entered; that your petitioner has not violated any of the laws of the State of North Carolina governing or pertaining to the practice of Med-



"icine, nor has he given prescriptions for narcotics, or drugs or medicines, but he has abided by the Judgment of your Honorable Board and the Judgment of the United States Court, as hereinabove set out.

"5. Your petitioner has been guilty of no unethical or unprofessional conduct, but has departed himself in an ethical and becoming manner, and he will continue to abide by the laws of both the United States and the State of North Carolina and the findings and Judgments of this Board, in every way and manner and he shall and will henceforth refrain, in all ways, and at all times, from any violation of the ethics of the Profession which he loves and honors.

"6. Your petitioner is informed and believes he is needed by the members of his race and that he can be of great help and benefit to them, should his license be restored to him, as herein prayed, and he most solemnly declares and pledges if his license is restored and he is permitted to again engage in the practice of Medicine, upon such conditions as this Board may order and adjudge, he will henceforth faithfully conduct and deport and demean himself in an ethical and professional way and manner and will obey all of the laws of his Governments, both National and State, and that he will render strict compliance with and obedience to all orders and judgments of the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina.

"Wherefore, your petitioner, Frederick D. Quick, respectfully petitions:

"That your Honorable Board, in the exercise of its sound discretion and in mercy, restore to this humble petitioner his license, that he may henceforth minister to the sick and poor and needy of his community and that he may make an honorable livelihood, and he most earnestly asks that any letters or petitions presented by him, or by others in his behalf, be received and considered by this Board."

"FREDERICK D. QUICK"

"STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
RICHMOND COUNTY

"Frederick D. Quick, the petitioner in the above and foregoing and attached and annexed Petition, being by me first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he has read the said attached Petition and that said petition is true of his own knowledge, except as to the matters and things therein stated on information and belief, and, as to those, he believes it to be true.

"This 28th day of May, 1952.

"Signed FREDERICK D. QUICK
PETITIONER AFFIANT

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 28th day of May, 1952

"SEAL" "F. H. Carrington, Clerk of the Superior Court
of Richmond County, North Carolina"

Dr. Quick was granted the privilege of being heard by the board and he appeared with his attorney, H. S. Boggan. The secretary presented a petition from the Rockingham Negro High School Parent Teacher Association on behalf of Dr. Quick, a number of letters from prominent white citizens of Rockingham and a letter from the secretary of the Richmond County Medical Society recommending reinstatement of Dr. Quick's license. Attorney Boggan presented a voluminous petition signed by citizens of Richmond County, which he stated was unsolicited. (The above documents are on file in the office of the secretary)

Dr. Rousseau: What have you been doing since January?

Answer: I have been off staying at my brother's a while in Sanford and have been in Rockingham since.

Dr. Rousseau: What have you been doing?

Answer: I have not been doing anything, resting.



- Dr. Thompson: How is your health?
 Answer: My health is pretty good. I had diabetes. I am getting along fine.
- Dr. Rousseau: How old are you?
 Answer: 71
- Dr. Rousseau: Do you intend, if your license is reinstated, to get back into day and night work both?
 Answer: I do not care so much about night work except in an emergency.
- Dr. Rousseau: Apparently there will be a big demand for your service. How will you stand it?
 Answer: I am in pretty good shape.
- Dr. Rousseau: Have you seen any patients?
 Answer: No sir, I have not seen a one.
- Dr. Rousseau: Do you think it necessary to have your narcotic license restored?
 Answer: I do not see any necessity except in obstetrical cases. I used to use a little demerol.
- Dr. Rousseau: Do you feel you can answer the need of your people in Rockingham in general medical care without a narcotic license with that exception.
 Answer: With that exception.
- Dr. Johnson: Were you doing a fair amount of obstetrics?
 Answer: A whole lot.
- Dr. Johnson: In the homes?
 Answer: In the homes. I could not get in the hospital at that time. But since then we are getting a hospital in Rockingham, 50 beds.
- Dr. Johnson: Being built under this state plan?
 Answer: Yes sir.
- Dr. Johnson: Do you think you might get along better without narcotic license to keep some of your friends who helped get you in trouble from bothering you?
 Answer: I do not think they will bother me any more.
- Dr. Johnson: Would you be happy if you were given a general license back with the prospect of later on getting your narcotic license?
 Answer: I would.
- Dr. Rousseau: When do you want to start your practice again?
 Answer: About the first of July.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. Frederick D. Quick's license to practice medicine in North Carolina be restored and that the State Board of Medical Examiners recommend to the Narcotic Bureau that his narcotic license be restored as set forth in the order of the Federal Court that he refrain from prescribing for his patients to be filled at places other than in drug stores in the county in which he prescribes or in which the patient actually lives; that he practices in Richmond County and some in Anson and some in Moore Counties and that the prescriptions are to be filled in the county where he designates. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

The above motion and the judgment of the court was read to Dr. Frederick D. Quick and his attorney.

The meeting was adjourned.



Tuesday, June 17th, 1952

Registration of applicants for Part II of the written examination was held. One Hundred and Two applicants registered for Part II.

Applicants for licensure by endorsement of credentials were interviewed and thirty-two physicians were granted license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. J. Montgomery Beck appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He had a grade of 55% on bacteriology on a 100% basis on his written examination given by the Ohio Board of Medical Examiners. The written examination on bacteriology was being held at the time of Dr. Beck's appearance and he was given an opportunity to take this examination, which he elected to do. The examiner advised that Dr. Beck passed the examination in bacteriology with a grade of 90% and he was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. William Morris Berton, resident at the Duke University School of Medicine, who applied for limited license, was granted the privilege of appearing before the board with incomplete credentials.

VERDICT: Dr. William Morris Berton was approved for limited license to Duke University School of Medicine if and when his credentials are completed and approved by the secretary.

RE: Dr. George E. Blackman was granted the privilege of appearing before the board with incomplete credentials to apply for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated that he is a native of North Carolina and his father is a practicing physician in Charlotte; that he plans to limit his work to surgery; that he is going to Greenville, North Carolina to investigate a location, but has not made definite plans as to a location.

VERDICT: Dr. George E. Blackman was approved for licensure when and if his credentials are completed and approved by the secretary.

RE: Dr. Walter Morris Brady appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials and said that he definitely planned to locate in Morehead City, North Carolina.

VERDICT: Dr. Walter Morris Brady was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Edward Kent Carter appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials and stated that he planned to join the Duke staff in July of this year in the Department of Radiology; that he had planned to open a practice in this state until this position became available at Duke.

VERDICT: Dr. Edward Kent Carter was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Ernest Craige appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials and advised that he planned to go to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine as assistant professor in the Department of Medicine.

VERDICT: Dr. Ernest Craige was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Edward Charles Curnen, Jr. appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. His credentials were incomplete. Dr. Curnen stated that he planned to go to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine as professor of Pediatrics.

VERDICT: Dr. Edward Charles Curnen, Jr. was approved by the board for licensure if and when his credentials are completed and approved by the secretary.

RE: Dr. Janet Jordan Fischer appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials and stated that she was going to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine in a teaching capacity.

VERDICT: Dr. Janet Jordan Fischer was approved by the board for licensure.



RE: Dr. Newton Duchan Fischer appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials and stated that he was going to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine in the Department of Surgery.

VERDICT: Dr. Newton Duchan Fischer was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Louis Augustus Gleitsman appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He said that he did a general practice for three years and began specializing in ophthalmology in 1949 and will complete training at the end of this month.

Dr. Battle: Where do you plan to locate?

Answer: Statesville - I will be with the Davis Hospital.

Dr. Rousseau: Had you known Dr. Davis previously?

Answer: No, I got the opening through the Woodward Bureau.

Dr. Battle: Are you coming here to come to North Carolina or to come with the Davis group?

Answer: No, I joined this bureau and told them I wanted to go with a group. I spent a few days in Statesville and liked it. I like the climate.

Dr. Combs: What are your prospects for being there permanently?

Answer: I told Dr. Davis I would like to be there permanently. I do not sign anything the first year.

Dr. Combs: Is there any obligation to stay there?

Answer: I made it clear there would be no obligation until I signed a contract. It would be the usual contract that I would promise not to practice within 100 miles of Statesville if I left (for three years). As far as I can gather, that is the usual contract a group will make.

Dr. Battle: If you decide to go into the practice of ophthalmology somewhere in the state, what is your feeling as to connections with optical companies? That is to say, would you get glasses through an optical company and dispense them yourself or would you have the optometrist fix the glasses?

Answer: That depends on the community. Some have a contract optician, order and dispense to the patient, in larger communities, the patient is given a prescription and gets the glasses himself. In a small community, I think the better plan is to dispense if that is the prevailing custom.

Dr. Rousseau: You are familiar with the difficulties of ophthalmologists a few years ago?

Answer: Yes sir.

Dr. Rousseau: You do not approve of that?

Answer: I do not approve of that.

VERDICT: Dr. Louis Augustus Gleitsman was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Shirley Whittaker Gregory appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He said that he planned to locate in Edenton, North Carolina in general practice; that his wife is from Edenton.

VERDICT: Dr. Shirley Whittaker Gregory was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Helen Amelia Horn appeared before the board applying for licensure by endorsement of credentials. She said that she planned to go to High Point Memorial Hospital as a pathologist; that she had friends there.

VERDICT: Dr. Helen Amelia Horn was approved by the board for licensure.



RE: Dr. Clair Lacey Ingalls appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He said he planned to go to Rockingham to do surgery; that he is a diplomate of the American Board of Surgeons.

Dr. Rousseau: What influenced you to come to North Carolina?

Answer: I was in this group in North Dakota and had accomplished about all I could. I went there after the war in order to have time to work on my boards. I wanted to go in private practice and heard of Rockingham through an agency. I came down and was invited to come in. It will be a private practice.

Dr. Johnson: Have you ever had any difficulty with any licensing board in any of the states?

Answer: No, I have not. I have changed around. I left my practice in Indiana at the time of the war and probably would not have left if it had not been for that.

VERDICT: Dr. Clair Lacey Ingalls was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Fred Richard Jackson appeared before the board at the January, 1952 meeting and requested license by endorsement of credentials from the State of Missouri. It was noted that he made an average of 58% on the Missouri gynecology examination and Dr. Jackson was advised that he would be required to take the written examination on that subject as the minimum grade requirement in this state is 50%. The Missouri Board advised the secretary that upon reviewing Dr. Jackson's paper on gynecology it could conscientiously raise the grade to 60%. This matter was presented to the board at its May, 1952 meeting and in reviewing Dr. Jackson's credentials, it was noted that he made 50% on his bacteriology examination by the Missouri Board, which fact had been overlooked previously. Due to this fact, the board ruled that Dr. Jackson must take the written examination by the North Carolina Board in both bacteriology and gynecology. Dr. Jackson complied with the ruling of the board and took these examinations at this meeting. He made 92% on bacteriology and 75% on gynecology.

VERDICT: Dr. Fred Richard Jackson was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Earle Carleton Jameson appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials and stated he planned to locate at Laurinburg, North Carolina.

VERDICT: Dr. Earle Carleton Jameson was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Edgar Lloyd Latimer appeared before the board with incomplete credentials applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated he planned to locate in Salisbury, North Carolina, with practice limited to surgery in private practice; that he is eligible for the American Board of Surgery. He stated he had a brother in business in Durham and that is why he came to this state.

VERDICT: Dr. Edgar Lloyd Latimer was approved by the board for licensure if and when his credentials are completed and approved by the secretary.

RE: Dr. Deborah Cushing Leary appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. She stated that she planned to do obstetrics and gynecology and thinks she will be connected with the University of North Carolina School of Medicine; that her husband had received an appointment there.

VERDICT: Dr. Deborah Cushing Leary was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Willard Laverne McCloud appeared before the board with incomplete credentials applying for licensure by endorsement. He stated that he was a native of North Carolina and wished to do general practice with surgical privileges in Winston-Salem, which is his home.



VERDICT: Dr. William Laverne McCloud was approved for licensure by the board if and when his credentials are completed and approved by the secretary.

RE: Dr. Robert James Nichols appeared before the board with incomplete credentials applying for license by endorsement of credentials. Dr. Nichols said he planned to go to the City Hospital in Winston-Salem.

VERDICT: Dr. Robert James Nichols was approved for license if and when his credentials are completed and approved by the secretary.

RE: Dr. John Milton Painter appeared without credentials and stated that the same had been sent in to the office of the secretary about the middle of April, but that he had not notified the secretary he would appear. He said he graduated from Western Reserve in 1933; that he had practiced internal medicine in Kent, Ohio and had taught two days a week in the Department of Internal Medicine at Western Reserve since 1938. That he planned to come to North Carolina because of the milder climate on account of bursitis; that he had been here several times in winter and gets along better. That he would like to locate in the piedmont section of the state but had not decided on an exact town; that he would do internal medicine.

Dr. Johnson: Do you plan to sell your home and make North Carolina a permanent resident for practice?

Answer: That is correct, I do not plan to go back there.

Dr. Johnson: Have you had any difficulty with any licensing board or court?

Answer: No sir.

Dr. Painter was advised that the board would have to consider his credentials possibly at the next meeting in August, but that he would not have to appear again.

Dr. Rousseau: When do you want to come to North Carolina?

Answer: When I know I can come. I will start to look for a place to locate.

Dr. Doffermyre: This board does not license physicians in this state to do vacation practice.

Answer: I understand that.

RE: Dr. Jeffress Gary Palmer appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He said he planned to go to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine.

VERDICT: Dr. Jeffress Gary Palmer was approved by the board for license.

RE: Dr. Wesley Calhoun Palmes, Jr. appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated that he planned to go to Davis Hospital in Statesville in general surgery.

VERDICT: Dr. Wesley Calhoun Palmes, Jr. was approved by the board for license.

RE: Dr. Donald Snelling Parker was granted the privilege of appearing before the board without complete credentials at the request of Wiley Cozart, M. D. of Fuquay Springs, to apply for license by endorsement of credentials. Dr. Parker stated he planned to locate in Fuquay Springs about August 1st.

VERDICT: Dr. Donald Snelling Parker was approved by the board for licensure when and if his credentials are completed and approved by the secretary.

RE: Dr. Richard Morse Peters appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated he was at the University of North Carolina School of Medicine in thoracic surgery.

VERDICT: Dr. Richard Morse Peters was approved by the board for license.



RE: Dr. George Justice Race, resident at Duke University School of Medicine, appeared before the board applying for limited license by endorsement of credentials to that institution.

VERDICT: Dr. George Justice Race was approved by the board for limited license to Duke University School of Medicine.

RE: Dr. James Henry Sanders, Jr. appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated he planned to go into general practice in Brevard, North Carolina.

Dr. Johnson: Do you plan to stay in Brevard the year round or seasonly?
Answer: No sir, I plan to practice in Brevard the year round.

VERDICT: Dr. James Henry Sanders was approved by the board for license.

RE: Dr. John Turner Sessions, Jr. appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials and stated that he had joined the faculty of the University of North Carolina School of Medicine as assistant professor of medicine.

VERDICT: Dr. John Turner Sessions, Jr. was approved by the board for license.

RE: Dr. John Lewis Simmons, resident at the University of North Carolina School of Medicine, appeared before the board applying for limited license by endorsement of credentials to that institution.

VERDICT: Dr. John Lewis Simmons was approved by the board for limited license to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine.

RE: Dr. Oscar Andreas Thorup, Jr. appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated that he was at the University of North Carolina School of Medicine.

Dr. Combs: This is a permanent appointment or do you intend to stay here a year or so?
Answer: No, I expect to be appointed to the staff.

VERDICT: Dr. Oscar Andreas Thorup, Jr. was approved by the board for license.

RE: Dr. Francis Robinson Towner appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials.

Dr. Thompson: Where do you plan to locate in North Carolina?
Answer: I have not made any plan, not particularly a large town. To be perfectly frank, my practice is running me instead of me running it. I would prefer to be near a hospital. I have been doing obstetrics. I want to come to North Carolina on account of my wife's health, the practice would have to be general practice as I know of no obstetrical opening.

Dr. Thompson: The board does not license physicians for vacation practice.
Answer: I intend to become a permanent resident. I am interested in the western part of the state.

Dr. Rousseau: When do you want to come to North Carolina? Have you made any plans?
Answer: I have made no plans. I have a son in dental school who has one more year and after that I have no commitments there.

Dr. Battle: Would it satisfy you that you might get a license when you desire to come into the state? This has been the policy of the board.
Answer: I was going to Blowing Rock to visit friends from here and they are anxious to have us locate near there.



VERDICT: Dr. Newsom P. Battle moved that Dr. Francis Robinson Towner be given license to practice in the State of North Carolina if and when he proves to the secretary that he is coming into the state to do year round practice, not to exceed two years.

RE: Dr. John Wesley Varner appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated he planned to go with the Department of Public Health in Lexington.

VERDICT: Dr. John Wesley Varner was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. George Shibley Vosburgh, Jr. appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated that he planned to go to Tryon in private practice.

Dr. Thompson: Do you plan to stay there permanently and not do a vacation practice?

Answer: Yes sir.

Dr. Battle: Do you have a home there?

Answer: Yes.

Dr. Thompson: Are you working there now?

Answer: I have been there off and on for five weeks.

Dr. Rousseau: Have you seen any patients?

Answer: No sir.

Dr. Johnson: How did you select your location?

Answer: I was disabled in the war and had to come south.

Dr. Johnson: You definitely state this is a year round location

Answer: Yes sir.

Dr. Johnson: And no seasonal practice?

Answer: Not at all.

VERDICT: Dr. George Shibley Vosburgh, Jr. was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. James Vaughn Warren appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He said he is on the staff full time at Duke University School of Medicine.

VERDICT: Dr. James Vaughn Warren was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Julius Warren Welborn, Jr. appeared before the board with incomplete credentials, applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated he planned to go to Tryon in general practice.

Dr. Thompson: Do you plan to stay there permanently?

Answer: Yes sir.

Dr. Thompson: No vacation practice?

Answer: No sir.

Dr. Thompson: Are you to be associated there?

Answer: I will be in the same office with Dr. J. C. Preston, but we will have separate practices.

VERDICT: Dr. Julius Warren Welborn, Jr. was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Louis Gordon Welt appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials and stated he planned to go to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine in the Department of Medicine.



VERDICT: Dr. Louis Gordon Welt was approved by the board for licensure.

RE: Dr. Ernest Harvey Wood appeared before the board applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated he planned to go to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine in the Department of Radiology.

VERDICT: Dr. Ernest Harvey Wood was approved by the board for licensure.

(See page 237 for candidates licensed by endorsement)

RE: Dr. Joshua L. Edwards, an associate at Duke, appeared before the board without credentials and said he had requested application for licensure by endorsement, but had not received the same; that there were two other physicians with the same initials there who might have received his mail; that he has been at Duke since September, 1951. He said he is a graduate of Tulane in 1943 and is licensed by Louisiana and Florida; that he has been in pathology in various hospitals; that he was an instructor last year.

Dr. Combs: Have you been seeing patients?
Answer: No sir, my work is pathology altogether.

VERDICT: The board ruled that this might constitute Dr. Joshua L. Edwards' personal appearance before the board.

RE: Dr. Robert H. Freeman, Raleigh, North Carolina - Dr. Freeman was summoned to appear before the Board of Medical Examiners due to the fact that he had been indicted and convicted in the District Court of the United States, Eastern District, Raleigh Division, for violation of the Harrison Narcotic Act and to answer to the following charges of the Board of Medical Examiners, which were served on Dr. Freeman the 10th day of March, 1952 by the sheriff of Milan, Michigan:

That he had been found guilty in the said court on 24 counts of selling narcotic drugs in violation of the Act of December 17th, 1914, as amended, and had signed and issued to various persons numbers of prescriptions for the delivery of a quantity of narcotic drugs, which prescriptions were not made in good faith and in the course of his professional practice, only with the intent that said persons should thereby cause a druggist to deliver to them without proper order forms the narcotics called for thereon to satisfy their craving for said drugs and not the treatment of a disease, and upon which prescriptions said drugs were in fact delivered to them.

That he had been convicted in said court upon his plea of nolo contendere of the offenses of violating the Harrison Narcotic Act and was committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his authorized representative for a period of three years and to be placed on probation for a period of two years, the probation period to begin at the expiration of the prison sentence.

That he had been convicted of a felony and grounds existed under the Medical Practice Act for revocation of his license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

That by the acts and violations, he had been found guilty of unprofessional and dishonorable conduct unworthy and affecting the practice of his profession.

copy

(A complete/ of the above charges, certified copy of the indictment and judgment in this case are on file in the office of the secretary.)

Dr. Freeman is at present in the Federal Correctional Institution at Milan, Michigan. Attorney Leon S. Brassfield appeared on behalf of Dr. Freeman and Attorney Willis Smith, Jr. represented the Board of Medical Examiners. Narcotic Agent W. T. Atkinson appeared as a witness for the board.

Mr. Brassfield: I have read the complaint served on Dr. Freeman. I am here to make an appearance on his behalf so there can be no question raised at anytime with reference to the service on him. It was served on him and mailed by him to me and he requested me to appear. I do not want any question



raised about the proper service on him. I know your association has certain regulations governing the conduct of members of your profession and that you have got to comply with them. I do not for one moment suggest that you refrain from complying with them in Dr. Freeman's behalf. I am asking that you give him an opportunity to appear before you at as early a date as you possibly can to show if he can show that he has corrected his ways and perhaps is entitled to a restoration of his license. Dr. Freeman will be eligible for parole sometime during the month of October or November. Frankly he was sentenced for a period of three years, his people felt and I felt the best thing for him was that he be confined for at least one year.

Mr. Atkinson: Dr. Freeman is not addicted to drugs himself.

Mr. Brassfield: Dr. Freeman's problem was whiskey. I hope his stay in prison, being away from whiskey for a year, may correct him, in that respect only time can tell.

Dr. Rousseau: This board certainly regrets when anybody gets in trouble and more particularly a physician. As you pointed out, we do have to comply with the North Carolina law, which governs the practice of medicine. It is our duty. I am certain this board will be glad to have Dr. Freeman appear before us. We have a meeting in October. This board is certainly anxious that he does not do any practice of medicine until he appears before this board.

Mr. Brassfield: I will certainly caution him about that.

Mr. Brassfield stated that he did not believe Dr. Freeman should appear before the board as soon as he gets out of prison; that he should show that he is rehabilitated.

The following evidence was presented by Attorney Smith:

EXHIBIT A: Certified copy of indictment and judgment, United States of America vs Dr. R. H. Freeman, in the District Court of the United States, Eastern District, Raleigh Division

EXHIBIT B; Subpoena directing the Sheriff of Milan, Michigan to summons Dr. Robert H. Freeman and Notice of Hearings and Accusations, before the North Carolina Board of Medical Examiners

Dr. Combs reported that Mr. Brassfield asked the judge to sentence Dr. Freeman in order that he might be confined for rehabilitation; that Mr. Brassfield appeared on behalf of Dr. Freeman as a friend and wanted to do everything he could to assist in his rehabilitation.

Mr. Brassfield: I want him to spend his last days as honorably as he did in his first days; he was a popular physician.

The president advised Mr. Brassfield that he felt the board would co-operate with him in assisting in the rehabilitation of Dr. Freeman and when evidence is presented that he has rehabilitated himself, the board would interview him.

Mr. Brassfield: Dr. Freeman is making an excellent record in prison. He is working with the doctors in the institution examining other prisoners.

Dr. Combs: If this board revokes his license, would this in any manner affect his parole?

Mr. Atkinson: They will inquire what he is going to do, if he is granted a parole.

Mr. Brassfield: It would not affect it at all. They parole more readily where a man has employment. Whether you revoke his license or not, the Parole Board will know you will eventually do it because the law says you must do it. So I do not think that will affect it at all. I am hoping to

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

2. The second part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

3. The third part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

4. The fourth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

5. The fifth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

6. The sixth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

7. The seventh part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

8. The eighth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

9. The ninth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

10. The tenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

11. The eleventh part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

12. The twelfth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

13. The thirteenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

14. The fourteenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

15. The fifteenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

16. The sixteenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

17. The seventeenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

18. The eighteenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

19. The nineteenth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

20. The twentieth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

21. The twenty-first part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

22. The twenty-second part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

23. The twenty-third part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

24. The twenty-fourth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

25. The twenty-fifth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

26. The twenty-sixth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

27. The twenty-seventh part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

28. The twenty-eighth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

29. The twenty-ninth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

30. The thirtieth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

31. The thirty-first part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

32. The thirty-second part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

33. The thirty-third part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

34. The thirty-fourth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

35. The thirty-fifth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

36. The thirty-sixth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

37. The thirty-seventh part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

38. The thirty-eighth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

39. The thirty-ninth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

40. The fortieth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

41. The forty-first part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

42. The forty-second part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

43. The forty-third part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

44. The forty-fourth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

45. The forty-fifth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

46. The forty-sixth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

47. The forty-seventh part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

48. The forty-eighth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

49. The forty-ninth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

50. The fiftieth part of the document is a list of names and addresses, including:

find something or his sister and her husband will find something for him to do when he gets out until his license is restored. His sister's husband is in considerable business in Wake Forest and I think he can get employment.

Mr. Brassfield stated that he supposed Dr. Freeman's daughters had his license and that he felt sure if his license is revoked, that they would surrender the same; that in that event he would deliver it to the secretary; that he would co-operate in every way.

Mr. Atkinson was not examined by the board or by the attorney for Dr. Freeman.

VERDICT: Dr. L. Randolph Doffermyre moved that Dr. Robert H. Freeman's medical license in the State of North Carolina be revoked. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Newsom P. Battle and passed unanimously.

The following is the judgment of the board:

'RE: ROBERT H. FREEMAN, M. D.

JUDGMENT

"Pursuant to written notice and summons duly served upon the aboved named Robert H. Freeman, M. D., a hearing was held before the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina on June 17th, 1952 at the Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, North Carolina, upon charges and accusations filed and made by the board against Dr. Freeman.

"Dr. Freeman, who was not personally present, was represented by his attorney, Leon S. Brassfield. Dr. Freeman, through his attorney, Leon S. Brassfield, did not contest the fact that he had been convicted in the Federal Court as set forth in the charges. There was presented in evidence the transcript of the record of the charges and proceedings in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, Raleigh Division, as set forth in the charges filed herein.

"The Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina finds as a fact that Robert H. Freeman, M. D. has been convicted of violation of the Harrison Narcotic Act, Section 2554, Title 26 USCA, upon a plea of nolo contendere entered before Honorable Don Gilliam, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, Raleigh Division, on the 23rd day of November, 1951, the cause coming on for hearing before the said judge on the 13th day of December, 1951, in which the judgment was entered finding the defendant guilty as charged, and committed to the custody of the Attorney General for imprisonment for a period of three years in each of counts 1 through 23 inclusive, sentences to run concurrently, for a term of three years in count 24, to begin at the expiration of the sentence imposed in counts 1 through 23, this sentence being suspended, and the defendant placed on probation for a period of two years after the expiration of the prison sentence.

"The Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina further finds it a fact that under the rules and regulations of the United States Attorney's office and decisions of the court, that this conviction is a conviction of a felony.

"Upon said findings of fact and motion duly made, seconded, and unanimously adopted, it was

"RESOLVED by the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina that license number 1936 to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina issued by the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina June 16th, 1908 to Dr. Robert Herman Freeman be, and the same is hereby revoked and the said Dr. Robert H. Freeman is hereby ordered and directed to surrender his said license to Dr. Joseph J. Combs, Secretary of the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina, 716 Professional Building, Raleigh, North Carolina, and it is so ordered.

"This the 17th day of June, 1952."

VERDICT: Dr. Newsom P. Battle moved that the above judgment in regard to Dr. Robert H. Freeman be adopted. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Heyward C. Thompson and passed unanimously.



The board discussed the position of the board in the event Dr. Freeman's parole might be affected by the revocation of his medical license. The secretary asked for instructions if any official communicated with reference to Dr. Freeman's imprisonment or parole.

VERDICT: Dr. Clyde R. Hedrick moved that the secretary should answer with reference to the above statement that the Board of Medical Examiners revoked the medical license of Dr. Robert H. Freeman as of June 17th, 1952; that this board is in no position to make a recommendation for or against Dr. Freeman's parole. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Joseph J. Combs and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. R. B. Dunn - (See Minutes October, 1951)

At the January, 1952 meeting the board ruled that if and when Dr. Dunn applied for restoration of his narcotic license, he was to appear before the Board of Medical Examiners. On May 16th, 1952 the Narcotic Bureau requested on its form letter, inquiring if Dr. Dunn were licensed to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina, to which the secretary replied that said license had never been revoked; that the board desired Dr. Dunn to make a personal appearance before it made any recommendation as to restoration of his narcotic license. Dr. Dunn was so advised of this fact and given an appointment for this date.

Narcotic Agent W. T. Atkinson was asked to be present and he stated that Dr. Dunn had come back 100% and was doing fine; that he thought he was all right.

Dr. Dunn appeared and said he had requested reinstatement of his narcotic license; that he was having no trouble. The president told Dr. Dunn that the board had received good reports.

Dr. Battle: Is your stomach well?
Answer: I have not taken more than a dozen banthine tablets since last October.

VERDICT: Dr. Clyde R. Hedrick moved that the board recommend reinstatement of Dr. R. B. Dunn's narcotic license to the Narcotic Bureau. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Arthur Dennis Owensby, Greensboro, North Carolina - The president reported that Dr. O. N. Smith of Greensboro, Councilor, had made complaints to him as to the conduct of Dr. Owensby, who is alleged to be addicted to alcohol and barbiturates; that his wife had him committed to jail.

Narcotic Agent W. T. Atkinson was present at the time the president made this report and he stated that Dr. Owensby is in very bad condition; that he orders barbiturates in 5000 lots and drinks beer; that the clerk of the superior court committed him to Butner for 56 days for being under the influence of alcohol and barbiturates but he was kept there 28 days; that an attempt had been made to commit him to Roanoke with no success since he was taking barbiturates. Mr. Atkinson said that he is practicing medicine but is not allowed to practice in any of the hospitals in Greensboro.

VERDICT: The president instructed the secretary to advise the secretary of the Guilford County Medical Society that its Board of Censors should procure all available information as to Dr. Owensby's habits, copies of commitments by the court to institutions and jail commitments, with competent witnesses who would appear before the Board of Medical Examiners and testify. That the secretary is to explain that no action can be taken by the board until sufficient evidence is obtained to justify charges being made by the board. That if sufficient evidence is obtained in time to make formal charges the secretary should proceed in the routine manner to make charges and subpoena Dr. Owensby and the necessary witnesses for the August, 1952 meeting. That if this information is not procured in time for such action, the secretary is to request Dr. Owensby to appear at the August meeting for a preliminary hearing.

Dr. Newsom P. Battle moved that the secretary of the Guilford County Medical Society be advised that expedition in the handling of this matter will depend upon the immediate co-operation of the county society; that if we get concrete information by June 30th, 1952, we will be able to make formal charges at the August 1-2nd, 1952 meeting. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. This ensures transparency and allows for easy verification of the data.

In the second section, the author outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze the data. This includes both manual and automated processes. The goal is to ensure that the information is both reliable and up-to-date.

The third part of the document provides a detailed breakdown of the results. It shows that there has been a significant increase in sales over the period covered. This is attributed to several factors, including improved marketing strategies and better customer service.

Finally, the document concludes with a series of recommendations for future actions. It suggests that the company should continue to invest in research and development to stay ahead of the competition. Additionally, it recommends regular audits to ensure ongoing compliance with all relevant regulations.



The following physicians were licensed by endorsement of credentials:

<u>NAME</u>	<u>MEDICAL SCHOOL</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>
J. Montgomery Beck	Western Reserve	Clairsville, Ohio
Walter Morris Brady	Med. Coll. Virginia	Norfolk, Va.
Edward Kent Carter	Med. Coll. Virginia	Durham, N. C.
Ernest Craige	Harvard	Chapel Hill, N. C.
Edward Charles Curnen, Jr.	Harvard	Chapel Hill, N. C.
Janet Jordan Fischer	Johns Hopkins	Chapel Hill, N. C.
Newton Duchan Fischer	Univ. Texas	Chapel Hill, N. C.
Louis Augustus Gleitsman	Ohio State Univ.	Statesville, N. C.
Shirley Whittaker Gregory	Howard	Jamaica, N. Y.
Helen Amelia Horn	Univ. Maryland	High Point, N. C.
Clair Lacey Ingalls	Indiana Univ.	Rockingham, N. C.
Fred Richard Jackson	Meharry	Winston-Salem, N. C.
Earle Carleton Jameson, Jr.	Univ. Penn	Philadelphia, Pa
Edgar Lloyd Latimer	Coll. Med. Evan.	North Dighton, Mass
Deborah Cushing Leary	Yale	Hamden, Conn
Willard Laverne McCloud	Meharry	Winston-Salem, N. C.
Robert James Nichols	Univ. Indiana	Durham, N. C.
Jeffress Gary Palmer	Emory Univ.	Chapel Hill, N. C.
Wesley Calhoun Palmes, Jr.	Univ. Virginia	Boston, Mass.
Donald Snelling Parker	Med. Coll. Virginia	Mobile, Ala.
Richard Morse Peters	Yale	Chapel Hill, N. C.
George Justice Race	Southwestern	Durham, N. C.
License limited Duke University School	Medicine	
James Henry Sanders, Jr.	Med. Coll. S. C.	Brevard, N. C.
John Turner Sessions, Jr.	Emory Univ.	Chapel Hill, N. C.
John Lewis Simmons	Washington Univ.	Chapel Hill, N. C.
License limited University North Carolina School	Medicine	
Oscar Andreas Thorup, Jr.	Univ. Virginia	Chapel Hill, N. C.
John Wesley Varner	Univ. Tennessee	Lexington, N. C.
George Shibley Vosburgh, Jr.	Northwestern	Tryon, N. C.
James Vaughn Warren	Harvard	Durham, N. C.
Julius Warren Welborn, Jr.	Med. Coll. S. C.	Tryon, N. C.
Louis Gordon Welt	Yale	Hamden, Conn
Ernest Harvey Wood	Harvard	Chapel Hill, N. C.

[The page contains extremely faint and illegible text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the document. The text is scattered across the page and cannot be transcribed accurately.]



RE: State Mental and Tubercular Institutions - The Board of Medical Examiners at its January, 1952 meeting ruled that said institutions be permitted to conduct an educational program, using graduates of foreign medical schools, permission being granted on an annual basis as of June of each year; that the secretary procure the names of all physicians in this status and request that they appear before the board at this meeting and each subsequent June meeting. The secretary complied with this directive.

Dr. David A. Young, General Superintendant of the Hospitals Board of Control, appeared and the president asked for a report and recommendations from him. Dr. Young said his situation remained unchanged as to procuring physicians; that he had recently advertised for physicians and had received no replies from Americans; that at the present his best possibilities were from English physicians.

Dr. Young said that the following physicians had been employed under the ruling of the former board and that he had assured them of the possibility of taking the examination for license and that it would be helpful for those on whom commitments have been made to allow them to take the examination for licensure:

Lorant Forizs
Mintants Vitols
Edite Vitols
Arvid Sedriks
Oskars Bergmanis
Maria Koropectka

The following physicians, who are foreign graduates, are on a year to year basis:

Alexander Baranski
Lucija Biksans
Robert Buckner
Gerhard Wolff

Dr. Rousseau asked Dr. Young if in his opinion these physicians procure license, will they remain at the State Hospital or leave, and he said some would leave but they have tried to bring the salaries up in order to keep them; that he reasonably assured himself about the group; that they have satisfied him on the basis of credentials.

RE: Dr. Lorant Forizs, graduate of the University of Szeged, Hungary, appeared. He is at the State Hospital at Butner.

RE: Drs. Mintants and Edite Vitols, husband and wife, graduates of the University of Hamburg 1946 and 1947, who are located at Butner appeared. They said they would probably later go out in a small town for private practice; that they wanted to stay in North Carolina; that they have no plans at the present beyond another year.

RE: Dr. Arvid Sedriks, graduate of the University of Riga in 1936, who is located at the State Hospital at Butner, appeared. He said that he had been at the State Hospital about 18 months; that he would only be able to work in hospitals.

RE: Dr. Oskars Bergmanis, graduate of the University of Riga in 1924, who is located at the State Hospital at Raleigh, stated that he had been there two years; that he works in the medical center and does some tubercular work; that he was satisfied there. Dr. Bergmanis said he did general practice in Latvia; that his wife is a dentist; that he has a daughter in the School of Dentistry and a son in the School of Medicine at the University of North Carolina; that he would continue in hospital work as it was the best thing at his age.

RE: Dr. Maria Koropectka, graduate of the University of Erlangen, said she had been at the State Hospital at Raleigh since January, 1950; that she came to Philadelphia in April, 1949 and worked in a hospital there; that she did some mental work in Poland and Germany and some general practice; that she is 32 years of age, unmarried and has two brothers



in the United States. Dr. Koropeccka said she hoped to be eligible for a residency at the State Hospital; that she wanted to stay there.

RE: Dr. Alexander Baranski, graduate of the John Kazimir University of Lwow in 1928, appeared. He said that he is age 49 and has been at the State Hospital in Morganton for six months. He stated that he worked in mental hospitals in Poland for 25 months and in England also. He said he was very well settled at the State Hospital; that he would definitely like to stay there. Dr. Young said Dr. Baranski had good training in English hospitals and was recommended to him.

RE: Dr. Lucija Biksans, graduate of the University of Riga in 1942, went to the State Hospital at Goldsboro in May, 1951. She said she writes admission notes, gives electric shock treatments and does gynecological examinations; that her parents are with her there; that she did some hospital work in Latvia and some surgery. She stated that she is happy in her work and would like to continue in the same capacity; that she intended to stay in hospital work.

RE: Dr. Robert Buckner, graduate of the University of Edinburgh in 1928 (L. R. C. P.), age 51, said he intended to stay in hospital work; that he went from general practice to hospital work in England; that he gave up his practice in England because of the health service.

RE: Dr. Gerhard Wolff, graduate of the University of Frieberg, who failed to pass the written examination of the preceding board, appeared. He stated that he is happy in his work at the State Hospital as far as science and psychiatry go; that he came to the United States in 1900 and to North Carolina in May, 1947; that he went to San Francisco with friends, to Washington in research but could not stand the climate; that he went to Rockland Hospital, New York in 1944, was there two and one-half years and had to leave when the war veterans returned; that he went to Massachusetts but could not stand the climate. He said he liked it here but would be happier if he could get some kind of license.

The following physicians who are located at the Tubercular Sanatoria and who are on a year to year basis appeared:

McCain, North Carolina

RE: Drs. Otto and Ingeborg Kremer, man and wife, who graduated from the University of Munich in 1941 and 1945, stated that they are happy with their work at the State Sanatorium; that they had two years hospital training in the United States before coming here; that they expect to go to New York for postgraduate work in September, 1953, after which they will locate in a state in which they can procure license.

RE: Dr. Roy Kang, graduate of West China University in 1944, which is under the direction of the University of New York, said that he came to the United States in September, 1949 and to the State Sanatorium in February, 1952. He said that he liked his work there; that he was in surgery for four years in the army hospital; that he was interested in chest surgery and planned to stay at the State Sanatorium until June, 1953.

Eastern Sanatorium

RE: Dr. Celal Ertug, graduate of Istanbul Medical School in 1937, appeared. Dr. Eason advised by letter that he was in the United States for a stay of two years for the purpose of gaining additional experience in tubercular work; that he would spend one year there. Dr. Ertug said he was happy with his work at the sanatorium; that at the end of one year he will return to Bellevue Hospital as an observer, after which he will return to Turkey.

The meeting was adjourned.



Wednesday, June 18th, 1952

All members of the board were present except Drs. Clyde R. Hedrick and Amos N. Johnson

RE: Dr. Charles H. Daugherty

Dr. Rousseau: I talked with Dr. Daugherty and asked if he were satisfied. He said that he still could not understand why this board would not let his professors see his papers. Dr. Rousseau said, "I understand why you feel that way. It was based on a statement made by Dr. Carpenter that in the past it was customary to let their medical schools see their papers before flunking and he said, 'yes'." I explained it was a false statement made by Dr. Carpenter because so far as any of us know, the Board of Medical Examiners had never discussed the grades with the deans or the professors of the medical schools except in one instance; that Dr. Procter and Dr. Carpenter were good friends and that Dr. Procter did talk with Dr. Carpenter about one boy who had a questionable passing grade on the board examinations; that he felt this discussion was not an official action of the board but purely a personal thing between them.

RE: Foreign Graduates - Mental Institutions and State Sanatoria - Postgraduate Training

The board directed that all data with reference to the above subjects be put on the agenda for the August, 1952 meeting.

RE: Minutes - Dr. Heyward C. Thompson moved that the minutes for the May 4-7th, 1952 meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners be adopted as read with one correction as to the year 1951 instead of 1952 on page 171. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. Randolph Doffermyre and was passed unanimously.

The meeting was adjourned.

Thursday, June 19th, 1952

The last examination was held Thursday A. M. and the meeting was adjourned.

Signed


 JOSEPH J. COMBS, M. D.
 SECRETARY-TREASURER

