NCMB’s Safe Opioid Prescribing Initiative: What the data shows so far

In 2016, NCMB launched a first-of-its-kind initiative to increase its oversight of opioid prescribing known as the Safe Opioid Prescribing Initiative (SOPI). This program uses data provided by the NC Department of Health and Human Services* to identify prescribers for investigation by the Board. The primary goal is to reduce patient harm and deaths related to prescription opioids by proactively identifying and addressing potentially unsafe prescribing.

NCMB recognizes that chronic pain is a legitimate medical issue and wants patients to receive safe and appropriate care. The Board encourages care that conforms to current accepted standards regardless of the quantity or dose of medication prescribed.

*Data is provided by the state Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services, Drug Control Unit, and the NC Office of Chief Medical Examiner

NCMB has opened **111** cases based on SOPI criteria affecting **0.2%** of active licensees.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent of cases opened based on prescribing criteria</th>
<th>Percent of cases opened based on 2+ patient deaths due to opioid poisoning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28%</td>
<td>71%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Areas of practice investigated

- Pain management or physical medicine & rehabilitation: **41.0%**
- Family medicine or internal medicine: **25.2%**
- Other (i.e. neurology, surgery, etc.): **15.5%**
- Psychiatry: **8.7%**
- Emergency medicine: **7.7%**
- Hospice or palliative medicine: **1.9%**

Please note: Total does not equal 100% due to some licensees with cases opened on both reports.
Board actions
Breakdown of actions in SOPI cases reviewed by the Board.

- **8.0%** Public adverse action*
- **30.6%** Private action
- **60.4%** Closed with no formal action

*Reflects Board vote to take public action or issue charges against licensee. Please note: Total does not equal 100% due to some licensees having multiple cases.

Who does SOPI investigate?
SOPI looks at prescribers who fall in one or both of the following categories:

- Licensees managing large numbers of patients at high daily doses of opioids
- Licensees who have had two or more patients die of opioid poisoning within 12 months

SOPI investigative criteria

**HIGH DOSE, HIGH VOLUME**
- Top two percent of those prescribing 100 milligrams of morphine equivalents (MME) per patient per day

**HIGH DOSE, HIGH VOLUME**
- Top two percent of those prescribing 100 MMEs per patient per day in combination with any benzodiazepine

**TWO OR MORE PATIENT DEATHS**
- Prescribers with two+ patient deaths in the preceding 12 months due to opioid poisoning who prescribed opioids* within 60 days of death

Important Reminder
NCMB’s selection criteria for investigation should not be treated as standard of care and do not impose or suggest a limit on opioid prescribing. By law, the Board cannot take action against a licensee solely because he or she prescribes above the level stated in the selection criteria. Meeting criteria for investigation is not evidence of wrong doing.

Learn More
Find more information about the Safe Opioid Prescribing Initiative, including FAQs, prescriber resources, and CME opportunities on our website at:

www.ncmedboard.org/safeopioids

Rev. 07/25/18