

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS  
OF NORTH CAROLINA

Carolina Hotel, Pinehurst, North Carolina  
May 10-13th, 1953

The Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina met at the Carolina Hotel, Pinehurst, North Carolina May 10-13th, 1953 for the purpose of interviewing applicants for licensure by endorsement of credentials and other business.

The board convened at 10 A. M. Sunday, May 10th.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. Clyde R. Hedrick, President. Drs. Newsom P. Battle, Joseph J. Combs, Secretary-Treasurer, L. Randolph Doffermyre, Amos N. Johnson, James P. Rousseau, Heyward C. Thompson, and Mrs. Louise J. McNeill, Secretary-Treasurer, were present.

RE: Dr. Oskar Bergmanis  
Dr. Edite Vitols  
Dr. Mintauts Vitols

The above physicians, who have been granted the privilege of taking the written examination in June, 1953, presented their application and credentials to the secretary and the same have been studied by the members of the board.

VERDICT: The board directed the secretary to notify Drs. Oskar Bergmanis, Edite Vitols and Mintauts Vitols that their credentials are in order for the written examination.

RE: Dr. Gerhard Wolff - The secretary reported that at the May, 1951 meeting Dr. Wolff was permitted to continue his present status under the direction of Dr. David A. Young, General Superintendent of the State Hospitals Board of Control, for one more year, but that he not be permitted to take the written examination.

VERDICT: Dr. H. C. Thompson moved that the secretary notify Dr. Gerhard Wolff to make application for special limited license to the State Mental Institutions prior to the June, 1953 meeting of the board; that the fee for special limited license be Fifty (\$50.00) and that he appear before the Board of Medical Examiners at the June, 1953 meeting. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. James P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Celal Ertug, graduate foreign medical school - Dr. Ertug appeared before the Board of Medical Examiners in June, 1952, at which time he was granted the privilege of remaining at the Eastern Sanatorium and was requested to reapply each year to remain there. On April 20th, 1953, Dr. H. F. Easom, Medical Director, stated that Dr. Ertug planned to leave the Eastern Sanatorium sometime in August and asked if it would be necessary for him to appear in June.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. Celal Ertug might remain at the Eastern Sanatorium until August, 1953 and if he did not leave at that time, he would be required to make another appearance before the Board of Medical Examiners. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. James P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: 1953 Legislation in the General Assembly

House Bill #289 - A bill to amend the Medical Practice Act with respect to fees to be paid for the issuance of license, as follows:



Fee for licensure by endorsement of credentials not to exceed	\$100.00
Fee for licensure by written examination not to exceed	\$ 50.00
Fee for limited license	\$ 50.00
Fee for limited license to practice within the confines of a hospital for the purpose of education or training	\$ 10.00
Fee for duplicate license	\$ 10.00

Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that it be incorporated in the minutes that the fee for licensure by endorsement of credentials be \$100.00 and the fee for licensure by written examination be \$50.00. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. N. P. Battle and passed unanimously. (See page 73)

RE: Bill - Samuel P. Mason - The secretary reported that the representative from Clay County, North Carolina, introduced a bill in the House of Representatives of the General Assembly to authorize Samuel P. Mason to practice medicine in Clay County to the same effect and as fully as if the said "Doctor" Samuel P. Mason had been licensed by the State Board of Medical Examiners. The introduction of this bill was called to the attention of the secretary the day it was introduced. It was defeated in the committee through the efforts of Attorney John H. Anderson.

Samuel P. Mason was indicted and convicted in Clay County for practicing medicine without a license in November, 1938; was indicted and convicted for the same offense in May, 1951 in Madison County and was placed on a suspended sentence, and was indicted and convicted for the same offense in the fall of 1952 in Clay County, and was placed on a suspended sentence for three years.

RE: Uniform Procedure Bill - A special commission was appointed by the Governor to study administrative practice and procedure of all boards, which culminated in the introduction in the General Assembly of a bill providing uniform procedure for all licensing agencies of the State of North Carolina.

A committee was appointed from the Board of Medical Examiners to meet with the Executive Council of the State Medical Society in this connection. The secretary reported that the committee from the board met with the Executive Council of the State Society and the proposed Uniform Procedure Act was gone over carefully. The Executive Council left it up to the Legislative Committee of the State Society and the committee from the Board of Medical Examiners to decide as to the best procedure to follow in the legislature.

The Judicial Committee of the House of Representatives indicated that it was satisfactory for the Board of Medical Examiners to be exempted from this Uniform Procedure Act, provided the Medical Practice Act was amended to provide for judicial review on appeal from the action of the board. Therefore, a bill was introduced in the Legislature and passed, amending the Medical Practice Act, which provides judicial review on a decision of the Board of Medical Examiners and the procedure for the board to follow in hearings, appeal, et cetera, is set out. Section 90-14 of the act as to use of narcotic drugs was made broader to include other narcotic drugs and also barbiturates and provision was made whereby the Board of Medical Examiners could act when a physician is adjudicated mentally incompetent. The board was empowered by injunction to prevent violation of the Medical Practice Act in the superior Courts.

RE: Printing of Medical Practice Act - Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that the revised Medical Practice Act be printed in the North Carolina Medical Journal and that the secretary order reprints of the same. This motion seconded by Dr. H. C. Thompson and passed unanimously.

RE: Foreign Medical Schools - The following report was made by the secretary with reference to the classification by the American Medical Association of foreign medical schools, which was clarified at the Federation of State Medical Boards in February, 1953:

"On the basis of information presently available, the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association and the Executive Council of the Association of American Medical Colleges are of the opinion that medical institutions and medical organizations in the United States would be justified in considering current and past graduates of the following foreign medical schools on the same basis that they consider graduates of approved medical schools in the United States."



RE: Foreign Graduates - The secretary reported that many requests for the privilege of taking the written examination for licensure are coming in from foreign graduates and that this is probably due to the fact that citizenship is not a requisite for licensure.

RE: Dr. Pierre A. Finck, graduate of the University of Geneva, which is recognized by the American Medical Association - Dr. Finck, who is an instructor in pathology at the University of Tennessee, has applied to take the written examination to obtain a state medical license in order to take the American Board of Pathology. (See page 95 )

RE: Dr. Peter G. S. Beckett, graduate of Dublin University, which school is not recognized by the American Medical Association, has requested information as to procuring license in this state, since he is interested in going to Duke University School of Medicine in a senior staff position in psychiatry. The secretary advised that he had written Dr. Beckett he would not be eligible for license in this state.

RE: Dr. Oscar Duque, graduate of a Southern American medical school, which is not recognized by the American Medical Association, has requested the privilege of taking the written examination for licensure. Dr. Duque has been at Duke University for the past three years completing a residency in pathology.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Oscar Duque not be allowed to take the written examination for licensure. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Dr. N. P. Battle and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Oscar Stapans, graduate of the University of Kiel, Germany, which is not recognized by the American Medical Association, has requested information as to obtaining license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated that he had been appointed as a third year resident in psychiatry at Graylyn, Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Oscar Stapans not be allowed to take the written examination for licensure. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. H. B. Kidd, graduate of Cambridge University, England, with the M. B. degree, which school and degree are recognized by the American Medical Association, stated that he had applied to Highlands Hospital for a position. The secretary stated he advised Dr. Kidd that the North Carolina Board of Medical Examiners recognized the M. B. degree of Cambridge University and would allow him to take the written examination after a personal interview, provided his other credentials met the requirements and that license was required before beginning practice in the state.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that the action of the secretary thus far in connection with Dr. H. B. Kidd be approved. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

RE: Graduates of Foreign Medical Schools - The board directed the secretary to state to applicants who are graduates of foreign medical schools that the granting of a personal interview does not in any manner obligate the Board of Medical Examiners.

RE: Dr. Kenneth Hazell, graduate of Kings College Medical School, England with the L. R. C. P. degree, which degree is not recognized by the American Medical Association, stated that he had applied to Highlands Hospital for a position and requested information as to licensure.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Kenneth Hazell be advised he is not eligible for license in the State of North Carolina. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. N. P. Battle and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. A. Akerberg, graduate of the University of Helsingfors Faculty of Medicine, recognized by the American Medical Association - The secretary reported that the Medical Secretary of the Board of Missions of the Methodist Church, New York, City, had requested information as to whether or not Dr. Akersborg might obtain licensure in the State of North Carolina. He stated that



Dr. Akersborg is planning upon completion of a postgraduate course in surgery at the University of Pennsylvania to take a year's residency in obstetrics and gynecology. He is in the United States on a temporary visa but will file first papers after his next period of service in the Belgian Congo. The following is the secretary's reply under date of March 31st, 1953:

"In reply to your letter of March 25th, the North Carolina Board of Medical Examiners recognizes the schools approved by the American Medical Association, but permission is not given to foreign graduates to take our examination until they have had a personal interview with the board. At this interview the board ascertains the doctor's plans and intentions in regard to practice in the State of North Carolina.

"If Dr. Akerberg desires to have a personal interview with the board, he should write for instructions as to preparing his credentials for an interview before the board. I can not offer much encouragement as to his being granted permission to take the examination unless he definitely intends to practice in North Carolina. The examinations are given once each year in June in Raleigh. The date for the 1953 examination is June 22nd. The board will meet in Pinehurst, North Carolina on May 11th, 1953."

S/ "Joseph J. Combs, Secretary  
North Carolina Board Medical Examiners"

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that the action of the secretary be approved with reference to Dr. A. Akersborg. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Bowman Gray Medical School Seniors - Dr. J. P. Rousseau advised that about eight seniors at Bowman Gray School of Medicine have been ordered to report to a naval hospital in California on June 25th, which is the last day of the written examination; that he had suggested to the dean to write to the surgeon general and to the local draft board to extend the date for reporting and this has been done but no reply has been received.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. J. P. Rousseau be asked to get in touch with the office of the dean at Bowman Gray and ask him to call or contact the surgeon general to attempt to work something out and if not, then Dr. Rousseau and Dr. Combs work out something whereby these students may be taken care of. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

RE: Federation Meeting  
National Board of Medical Examiners

The secretary reported that the Federation has set the National Board of Medical Examiners on a pinnacle. That the board includes the surgeon general of the army, navy and airforce and veterans' administration officials, who have probably never practiced medicine. The president of the American Medical Association stated that one board was needed; that 46 states now recognize the National Board and if the other two states would recognize it, the state boards could be done away with; that the National Board was better qualified to give examinations than the state boards and that the perfunctory duties of issuing license on National Board certificates could be left to the state boards. The fact that medical schools require National Board examinations was brought out. Dr. Combs noted the statement that 46 states recognize National Board is not accurate. (See page 105)

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that this board discuss the National Board as early as possible with the deans of the medical schools and then take the problem to the executive council of the State Medical Society. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

The meeting was adjourned.

The board convened at 8 P. M. May 10th.

RE: Dr. George A. Andrews, Mount Gilead, North Carolina - Following report from the Narcotic Bureau Dr. Andrews appeared before the Board of Medical



Examiners in July, 1946 on account of his narcotic addiction, at which time the board recommended that he go to the United States Public Health Service Hospital at Lexington, Kentucky for treatment. Dr. Andrews was admitted there September 16th, 1946 and discharged March 21st, 1947. In 1948 the chairman of the Rehabilitation Committee of the State Medical Society appeared before the board and reported that he was using barbiturates and recommended extension of his probation. Dr. Andrews appeared at this time but he was advised that his probation was extended. In January, 1950 the chairman of the Rehabilitation Committee reported by telephone that Dr. Andrews was doing a limited eye practice with no need for narcotic license; that he was taking opiates and barbiturates. In June, 1950 the board requested a routine investigation of Dr. Andrews and requested that he appear before the board. The narcotic agent at that time reported that on investigation one of the local physicians stated that in his opinion he was not using narcotics but would not recommend restoration of his narcotic license.

On March 11th, 1953 Dr. Andrews wrote the secretary asking the board to consider recommendation of restoration of his narcotic license; that he had been doing a limited EENT practice but one physician in Mount Gilead had gone into military service and there was only one other physician there, who was overworked, and that it was necessary for him to do some general practice. The secretary reported that the present board had received no complaints in regard to Dr. Andrews and he had not made an appearance before this board.

Dr. Andrews appeared at this time and stated he had taken no narcotics since 1947 and no barbiturates since 1949. He said if his narcotic license were restored, he would use the privilege very carefully and would expect to be under investigation by the Federal Government.

The following is report of investigation by the Narcotic Bureau under date of April 19th, 1953:

"1. On April 18, 1953 an investigation was made as requested by the North Carolina Board of Medical Examiners of the above named physician.

"2. I interviewed Mr. B. R. Haithcock one of the owners of the Cochran & Riden hour Drug Co., who stated that in his opinion Dr. Andrews has not used any narcotic drugs since his return from Lexington, Kentucky in 1947. As to barbiturates he has not seen him under the influence of these since 1949. Chief of Police Dewey Bulla was also interviewed and he likewise stated that he does not believe Dr. Andrews is using any kind of drugs. That he has been working regularly and stays in his office until around 8 and 9 P. M., looking after his patients.

"3. I then went to the office of Dr. Andrews and found his waiting room filled with patients. This physician was in Troy, N. C., at the hospital operating. Upon his return I found that he had gain in weight since my last visit and was looking very good. He stated that he has used no narcotic drugs since 1947 and that as far as barbiturates were concerned he has not used them since 1950. He further stated that he would not ask for his narcotic license if it were not the fact that he needs them since he had to go into general practice now as there were only one other physician in this town beside himself and that he has had several heart attack patients as well as kidney colic patients. Dr. Andrews further stated that he would not purchase any narcotic drugs except a vial of 20 tablets and that he would if necessary make a weekly report of amount used.

"4. It is the opinion of the investigating officer that Dr. Andrews is not addicted to the use of narcotic drugs or barbiturates at this time.

S/ "Wm. T. Atkinson, Narcotic Agent"

On April 29th, 1953 Mr. W. T. Atkinson, Narcotic Agent, stated he thought everything was going well with Dr. Andrews and he would recommend restoration of his narcotic license; that he told Dr. Andrews in the event his license were restored, he would advise him not to buy over one ampoule of 20 tablets of narcotics each at a time. Dr. Andrews presented letters from Dr. J. W. Stork, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Mount Gilead and Dr. Charles F. Scarborough, Jr., President of the Montgomery County Medical Society, both recommending that Dr. Andrews' narcotic license be reinstated.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that the Board of Medical Examiners recommend to the Narcotic Bureau that Dr. George A. Andrews' narcotic license be restored as of July 1st, 1953. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. J. Combs and passed unanimously.



RE: Nat H. Swann, Jr. took Part I of the written examination in June, 1952 and made the following grades: Anatomy, Embryology, Histology 70%; Physiology, Chemistry 68%; Pathology, Bacteriology 75%, making an average of 71%. April 21st, 1953 Mr. Swann requested information concerning a repeat examination and on May 5th, 1953 advised that he had changed his plans and desired to take Part I of the examination in 1954, at which time he would also take Part II.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Nat H. Swann, Jr. be required to repeat Part I of the written examination and pay the full fee for same. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. J. Combs and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Luritz Clergyman Creque, resident at K. B. Reynolds Hospital, took the written examination in 1952 and made a passing average but failed to make the minimum grade on surgery. The board ruled that he might remain at K. B. Reynolds Hospital until June, 1953, at which time he would be required to repeat the examination on surgery. The secretary requested the board to rule as to fee for this repeat examination on one subject.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. Luritz Clergyman Creque pay a fee of \$10.00 to repeat the surgery examination. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. J. Combs and passed unanimously.

RE: Fall Meeting - Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that the Board of Medical Examiners meet at the Grove Park Inn, Asheville, North Carolina October 11th and 12th, 1953, to convene at 10 A. M. October 11th. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Benjamin J. Lawrence, Jr. - The secretary reported that the signatures of the previous board on the license of Dr. Lawrence had faded to the extent that the same were illegible.

VERDICT: Dr. N. P. Battle moved that if Dr. Benjamin J. Lawrence, Jr. so desires, that he be issued a duplicate license by this board without charge. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Charles H. Morgan was interviewed by the board at the January, 1953 meeting and was approved for license by endorsement of credentials when he satisfied the secretary that he was going to locate in North Carolina for a permanent practice. The secretary reported that Dr. Morgan had located in Gastonia, North Carolina and his license was issued March 31st, 1953.

RE: Physicians at North Carolina Army Bases Applying for License - The secretary reported that two physicians at Camp Lejeune were granted limited license to Onslow-Pender Counties in order to serve the citizens at Holly Ridge, North Carolina, who were without a physician; that these physicians have been transferred. That another physician at Camp Lejeune was likewise granted limited license in January, 1953. That Drs. Stephen P. Hogg and William M. Ashe, who are stationed there appeared at this meeting to apply for license to practice at Holly Ridge. That Dr. E. B. Burgoon stationed at Fort Bragg has advised that he desired license to practice in North Carolina so as to be of service in the Fayetteville district and that he is in need of extra income.

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that the board not license applicants who are in service in North Carolina until it receives recommendation from the respective county medical societies of the counties involved that their services are needed for the welfare of the community; that the board will request such information from the society, and the secretary is empowered to pass on such recommendation of the county medical society. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. Amos N. Johnson and passed unanimously.

RE: Airconditioning for the secretary's office - Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that \$360.00 be allocated for airconditioning. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Marcus B. Wilkes, grade B graduate, native of North Carolina. - At the October, 1951 meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners it ruled that Dr. Wilkes might apply to take the written examination for medical licensure in June, 1952, which application was to be considered in January, 1952. Dr. Wilkes was so advised and no word was received from him until May 2nd, 1953, at which time he requested the necessary forms for making formal application to take the written examination for licensure.



VERDICT: Dr. H. C. Thompson moved that Dr. Marcus B. Wilkes be granted the privilege of taking the written examination. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. N. P. Battle. The vote was one in the affirmative and five in the negative, Dr. Battle having withdrawn his second after further consideration.

The board reviewed credentials of applicants for licensure by endorsement.

RE: Dr. James I. Bumgarner - The secretary reported that very good letters of recommendation had been received from Dr. Fred C. Hubbard, George M. Strockbridge, Administrator of the Wilkes General Hospital, and Clarence Jack Caudill, with whom Dr. Bumgarner has worked in the Methodist Church in his community.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. James I. Bumgarner be advised that the board has as of May 10th, 1953 met and received excellent reports; that the board is pleased with the reports and looks with favor on him as of this date; that if he can present the board on June 21st, 1953 with further reports equal to these, he will be granted the privilege of taking the written examination. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: John Nichols - The secretary reported that on personal interview April 3rd, 1953 Mr. Nichols stated he took the second year subjects at the University of North Carolina but never was on the rolls of the medical school; that he was in graduate school and took the basic science subjects in getting his Ph. D. in Physiology. He said these credentials were accepted by the University of Liverpool, England, for two years in medicine and he expects to get his M. B. degree in June, 1954. He was informed that he would have to have a certificate from the dean of the medical school that he had completed the first two years of medicine before he would be eligible to take Part I of our examinations. He made the statement that he would take National Boards in Paris this summer and that he could then be issued a North Carolina license on reciprocity with National Board. The secretary stated that he replied as of now, yes. On April 12th Mr. Nichols made formal application by letter to take Part I of the written examination.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that John Nichols not be granted the privilege of taking Part I of the written examination. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. J. Combs and passed unanimously.

RE: Fees for Licensure - Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that change of fees for licensure by the Legislature be effective as of March 9th, 1953. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. N. P. Battle and passed unanimously. (See page 63)

RE: Dr. James Beaton Littlefield, granted limited license to Watts Hospital in May, 1951, applied for full license as of February 19th, 1953, and the said limited license was extended by the secretary to Sampson County, North Carolina, until the board could pass on the application for full license.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. James Beaton Littlefield be granted full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina for the additional fee of \$35.00, making a total fee of \$50.00 paid. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. J. Combs and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Rosalind Gower Smith Abernathy, granted limited license to Duke University School of Medicine in October, 1951, applied for full license as of January 20th, 1953, and the said limited license was extended by the secretary to Durham and Wake Counties, North Carolina, until the board would pass on the application for full license.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that Dr. Rosalind Gower Smith Abernathy be granted full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina for the additional fee of \$35.00, making a total fee of \$50.00 paid. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Robert Averill Gowdy, granted limited license to Duke University School of Medicine September, 1950, has applied for full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. Dr. Gowdy stated that although he is not a native of North Carolina, he has received his entire college, medical and postgraduate education over the past fourteen years in the state; that his residency training was interrupted to go into the armed services. That he is desirous of taking an appointment at the Veterans Administration Hospital in Durham until July 1st, 1953, which will require a state license, and that he will resume his residency training at Duke Hospital July 1st, 1953. Dr. Deryl



Hart recommended that Dr. Gowdy be granted full license.

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that Dr. Robert Averill Gowdy be granted a full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina as of May 1st, 1953. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. George Douglas Gaddy, granted limited license to Duke University School of Medicine January, 1952, has applied for full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. Dr. Gaddy stated he planned to locate in Burlington soon after completion of his residency June 30th, 1953.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. George Douglas Gaddy be granted full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Francis Wynne Masters, granted limited license to Duke University School of Medicine, July, 1951, has applied for full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. Dr. Masters stated he planned to become associated with Dr. Kenneth L. Pickrell upon receipt of full license.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Francis Wynne Masters be granted full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Thomas Edmunds Fitz, granted limited license to Duke University School of Medicine January, 1952, has applied for full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. Dr. Fitz, a native of North Carolina, stated he applied for limited license in 1952 for financial reasons and understood at that time the balance of fee for licensure by endorsement would be \$35.00; that he felt that since he did not have opportunity to apply for full license before the fee was changed, he should be granted full license for the original amount.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Thomas Edmunds Fitz be granted a full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina when the balance due for fee is paid. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. J. Combs and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Robert Wefer Williams, granted limited license to Bowman Gray School of Medicine May, 1950, has applied for full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He stated he planned to locate in Wilmington, North Carolina at the termination of his residency July 1st, 1953.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Robert Wefer Williams be granted full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Civil Defense - The secretary reported the request of the representative from the Civil Defense Department at the Federation meeting in regard to legislation in the various states to allow workers of the various professions to carry out their skill in the case of emergency.

It was the opinion of the board that such situations would be allowed under the Medical Practice Act.

RE: Dr. David E. Plummer called the secretary on long distance telephone and was advised to write for an appointment in June.

The meeting was adjourned.

Monday, May 11th, 1953 - 9 A. M. - The board convened with all members present and applicants for licensure by endorsement of credentials were interviewed.

RE: Dr. Frank Pearson Anderson, Jr., resident in pediatrics at Duke University School of Medicine, appeared applying for full license by endorsement of credentials. He said that he planned to practice in North Carolina; that he will be at Duke one or two years; that it was not positive whether or not he would go to Saluda to the Baby Hospital for July and August.

Dr. Johnson: Do you plan to stay in North Carolina?  
 Answer: Yes, as far as I know now, either North or South Carolina, possibly North Carolina. My wife is from Durham.



VERDICT: Dr. Frank Pearson Anderson, Jr. was approved for full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Charles Edward Angstadt, who is at the present in the Navy, appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He said that he expected to be discharged from the Navy in two months and planned to do general practice in Raleigh.

VERDICT: Dr. Charles Edward Angstadt was approved for full license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. William McClellan Ashe appeared with incomplete credentials applying for license by endorsement of credentials.

RE: Dr. Stephen P. Hogg appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

Drs. Ashe and Hogg are both stationed at Camp Lejeune and they were interviewed jointly.

Dr. Thompson: We want to know as to the need for your service.  
 Answer: Dr. Grady, North Carolina licentiate, was transferred from Camp Lejeune two weeks ago. Dr. Tidler was licensed about January.  
 Dr. Ashe - He does not want to practice very much, which leaves him only at the present. Dr. Hogg and I would like to carry on with Dr. Tidler. It gets too heavy for one man after regular duty. Another thing, if three work together, we have a little time with our families. I was practicing in Dallas, limited to chest surgery. I took my graduate training at Mayo.

Dr. Thompson: How about the other doctors in this community?  
 Answer: There is no one in Holly Ridge or in that immediate vicinity.

Dr. Thompson: Where is the nearest doctor?  
 Answer: To my knowledge in Jacksonville about 25-30 miles from Holly Ridge.

Dr. Combs: Where is the office where Dr. Grady was practicing?  
 Answer: In Holly Ridge.

Dr. Combs: How close to Topsail Beach?  
 Answer: About seven miles. Most of the people are in Holly Ridge or immediately around.

Dr. Combs: Are most native North Carolinians or families of service men?  
 Answer: Native. We are not to treat service personnel except an emergency. They are treated at the camp.

Dr. Combs: Have you done any practice there yet?  
 Answer: No sir.

Dr. Combs: How long do you expect to be at Camp Lejeune?  
 Answer: Through this year. Next year is problematical. The impression I get is that it is not a very big practice and most of the natives of that immediate area. The reason we would like more than one, we have office hours from 7 to 9, Saturday and Sunday in the afternoon. One individual doing that all the time has no free time left and three could work it once in three weeks, and would be of some service and would not be a burden.

VERDICT: Dr. Amos N. Johnson moved that the applications of William McClellan Ashe and Stephen P. Hogg for licensure by endorsement of credentials be considered and the secretary is authorized to issue limited license to Onslow-Pender Counties if and when all credentials are completed and if and when he has contacted and had a favorable reply from the local society and from Dr. H. S. Tidler stating that these men are needed and will work with him. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. H. C. Thompson and passed unanimously.

Dr. Johnson: How long do you expect to be stationed at Camp Lejeune?  
 Answer: I have some assurance I will be stationed there the entire tour of duty, which will be 18 to 24 months.

Dr. Hogg



Dr. Johnson: I understand that the three of you, you all and Dr. Tidler, have worked out an agreement that you will rotate looking after these people. You do not plan to set up separate offices or run in competition.

Answer: That is correct. (Both physicians made this statement)

Dr. Johnson: Would you all be happy if we came to some conclusion that if and when you get a letter from Dr. Tidler that this is the agreement and also if and when we clear with the officials of the Medical Society in those counties that they have no one who would like to go there and locate there to do that work, then we would grant you limited license to do that work.

RE: Dr. Howard Milton Ausherman appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated that he would be at Duke Hospital and the Veterans Administration; that he would be permanently on the staff in anesthesiology; that he had been working there one month.

Dr. Rousseau: Did anybody at Duke tell you that you had to have a license?

Answer: I have been working mostly at the Veterans Administration, worked part time at Duke.

Dr. Rousseau: You have been given anesthetics at Duke?

Answer: Yes, with other men.

Dr. Combs: Where will you be officially?

Answer: I have been appointed assistant professor at Duke and am being paid by the Veterans Administration.

VERDICT: Dr. Howard Milton Ausherman was approved by the board for license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Robert Carl Bailey appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials.

Dr. Rousseau: Is it your intention to stay in North Carolina?

Answer: Yes, I am going to Concord with Dr. Russell Floyd July 1st, 1953. I have to move from Mississippi.

VERDICT: Dr. Robert Carl Bailey was approved by the board for license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Hubert Elmore Batten appeared applying for full license by endorsement of credentials. He stated he would go to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine as an assistant resident in July or September, but if he did not do that, he would locate in Elizabeth City or Shiloh, where his mother's people live, to do a general practice, and in that event would finish his radiology training later.

VERDICT: Dr. Hubert Elmore Batten was approved for license by endorsement, if and when he shows the secretary that he has come either to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine or to begin practice.

RE: Dr. Morton D. Bogdonoff, resident at Duke University School of Medicine, appeared applying for limited license by endorsement of credentials. His credentials were incomplete.

VERDICT: Dr. Morton D. Bogdonoff was approved for license by endorsement of credentials limited to Duke University School of Medicine, if and when his credentials are completed.

RE: Dr. Hubert Morris Caddell

Dr. Tillie Horkey Caddell, husband and wife, appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. Dr. Hubert Morris Caddell stated that he is a native of Hoffman, North Carolina, and plans to locate in Aberdeen, North Carolina, July 1st, 1953.

VERDICT: Dr. Hubert Morris Caddell and Dr. Tillie Horkey Caddell were approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.



RE: Dr. Holstein DeHaven Cleaver, Jr., appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said he planned to locate in Durham to be associated with Dr. H. M. Schiebel.

VERDICT: Dr. Holstein DeHaven Cleaver was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Kenneth Edward Cosgrove appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said he would either locate in Hickory, Morganton or Hendersonville to do internal medicine.

Dr. Thompson: Are you certain that you are coming to North Carolina?  
Answer: I am certain

Dr. Thompson: You are positive you are coming to this state?  
Answer: Yes

Dr. Rousseau: Will you be associated?  
Answer: There is a possibility. Dr. B. J. Romeo of Hendersonville would like for me to join him, or Morganton or Hickory.

Dr. Rousseau: What influenced you to come to North Carolina?  
Answer: Mainly the climate and the people.

Dr. Hedrick: What are your contacts in Morganton and Hickory?  
Answer: No close relationship. I know people in both towns.

VERDICT: Dr. Kenneth Edward Cosgrove was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Daniel LeRoy Crandell appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said he was going to Bowman Gray School of Medicine in anesthesiology.

Dr. Thompson: You expect to make this permanent?  
Answer: Yes.

Dr. Rousseau: Why do you desire to come to North Carolina?  
Answer: I thought it would be a nice place to live. I like the climate.

VERDICT: Dr. Daniel LeRoy Crandell was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Lawrence Huntington Erdman appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said he planned to locate in Wilmington to do surgery in January, 1954; that he would complete his residency December 31st, 1953.

Dr. Thompson: How did you select Wilmington?  
Answer: I was at Camp Lejeune and I decided then I was coming back.

Dr. Thompson: There is no question that you are coming to North Carolina?  
Answer: No, I have made as many plans as I can.

Dr. Hedrick: Would you be happy with a license issued and held until you show residency in North Carolina?  
Answer: Yes, it is perfectly all right.

VERDICT: Dr. Lawrence Huntington Erdman was approved for license by endorsement to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina, if and when he comes into the state to begin practice, provided he locates in the state on or before May 1st, 1954.

RE: Dr. Robert William Gebhardt appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said he planned to locate in Asheville.

Dr. Doffermyre: Are your plans for Asheville definite?  
Answer: They are as definite as I can make them. I hope to locate around August 1st to do general practice.

Dr. Johnson: What are you doing now?  
Answer: I am finishing an internship.

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VERDICT: Dr. Robert William Behardt was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE Dr. Phyllis Ray Ingram, the wife of Dr. James B. Littlefield, appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. She stated that they plan to locate in Durham June 1st.

VERDICT: Dr. Phyllis Ray Ingram was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Henry LeRoy Izlar, Jr., resident at Duke University School of Medicine, appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to Duke University School of Medicine.

VERDICT: Dr. Henry LeRoy Izlar, Jr. was approved for license by endorsement of credentials limited to Duke University School of Medicine.

RE: Dr. Gloria Jang appeared before the board in January, 1953 with incomplete credentials applying for limited license by endorsement of credentials to practice at Graylyn, where she is a resident. Dr. Jang's credentials were not completed in the prescribed time. Therefore, she was required to make another appearance at this meeting, at which time all credentials were in order.

VERDICT: Dr. Gloria Jang was approved for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to Graylyn, Bowman Gray School of Medicine.

RE: Dr. John Guthrie Kerr appeared, with incomplete credentials, applying for license by endorsement of credentials.

Dr. Battle: You wish to come into the state to practice?  
Answer: Yes.

Dr. Johnson: You are contemplating going with the Atlantic Coastline Railway?  
Answer: Yes, in June if possible.

Dr. Rousseau: Do you know how permanent it will be?  
Dr. Johnson: I talked with Dr. Walden. He will be permanent in Rocky Mount.

VERDICT: Dr. John Guthrie Kerr was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in North Carolina, if and when his credentials are satisfactorily completed and when he comes to North Carolina to begin practice.

Dr. Kerr was advised that he would not begin practice until licensed.

RE: Dr. Ethen Sease Koon, Jr. appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice in the State of North Carolina. He said that he planned to locate in his home town of Asheville.

VERDICT: Dr. Ethen Sease Koon, Jr. was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

VERDICT: Dr. Ethen Sease Koon, Jr. was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Frank Perry Lloyd appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice in the State of North Carolina.

Dr. Battle: Should you be given license, where will you locate?  
Answer: Greenville

Dr. Johnson: What do you plan to do?  
Answer: Obstetrics and gynecology. I will take my certifying boards in February.

VERDICT: Dr. Frank Perry Lloyd was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice in the State of North Carolina, if and when his credentials are completed satisfactorily to the secretary.



RE: Dr. Richard Myron Margolis, resident at James Walker Memorial Hospital, Wilmington, appeared applying for limited license by endorsement of credentials. He stated that he would transfer to Bowman Gray School of Medicine.

VERDICT: Dr. Richard Myron Margolis was approved for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to James Walker Memorial Hospital, and he was advised that it would be necessary for the secretary to endorse him to Bowman Gray School of Medicine when he transfers.

RE: Dr. Charles H. Merrill appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials. He stated that he probably would be associated with Dr. W. G. Byerly of Lenoir, North Carolina.

- Dr. Doffermyre: What type of work do you do?  
 Answer: I have been specializing in EENT for the past 25-30 years.
- Dr. Doffermyre: Why have you picked North Carolina?  
 Answer: I just heard of it; that is of Dr. Byerly.
- Dr. Doffermyre: How did you learn of this vacancy in Lenoir?  
 Answer: I learned through another physician they were anxious to have a man come there.
- Dr. Doffermyre: I notice you have moved about. What is the longest you have practiced in any one place?  
 Answer: 25 years in Iowa, 4 - 5 in Massachusetts, 5 years in Connecticut.
- Dr. Doffermyre: Did you have a reason for moving?  
 Answer: In Massachusetts and Connecticut I wanted to better myself.
- Dr. Doffermyre: You did the same type of practice?  
 Answer: No, I did general practice in the east. In Iowa I limited my work. I was there about 25 years.
- Dr. Johnson: Is it customary in Iowa for the men doing refraction to get a kick back from the manufactures of glasses?  
 Answer: Yes, I think it is.
- Dr. Johnson: Do you plan to do eye work in North Carolina?  
 Answer: Yes
- Dr. Johnson: What is your feeling about the kick back system?  
 Answer: It is questionable I think, but everyone I knew out there did it.
- Dr. Johnson: What do you plan to do in regard to that if you are licensed?  
 Answer: I had not made any plans.
- Dr. Doffermyre: You have had in all these years no trouble with the Narcotic Bureau?  
 Answer: I should hope not, no sir.
- Dr. Combs: Why did you retire in Iowa?  
 Answer: I thought I had enough. I was 74 years of age.
- Dr. Combs: Why do you want to locate in this state?  
 Answer: I could not go back with good faith. It took me 3 - 4 years to find someone to take my place.
- Dr. Combs: Is there an agreement that you would not go back?  
 Answer: Yes, I feel morally obligated.
- Dr. Battle: In North Carolina the medical profession does not regard it as ethical to participate in the so-called optical business and kick back and so on. It is very definitely frowned upon. I suppose some people do it, but most people deny it in this state. I question whether or not this board would be willing to let anyone come in to the state knowing at the time that that individual is going to practice that throw back on the optical companies. As a matter of fact the United States Government ruled that it is illegal and action can be taken against an individual who gets into it and I call your attention to this for your serious consideration.



- Answer: I have had top scoring. I have a degree of self respect. I would be willing to match my ethics with anybody's. I would not sacrifice my self respect. I will do just whatever I am advised.
- Dr. Johnson: If this board grants a license with the understanding you do not participate in fee splitting or kick backs to optical companies, would you abide by it?
- Answer: Yes sir. My idea is I would be willing to match my ethics with anybody.
- Dr. Johnson: If you go to Lenoir, will you be on a salary from Dr. Byerly?
- Answer: No, it is only division if I go.
- Dr. Battle: Your idea in coming to the state is to go there?
- Answer: Yes sir
- Dr. Battle: You definitely plan to come to North Carolina to practice medicine?
- Answer: Yes
- Dr. Hedrick: When do you plan to make your residence in North Carolina? If this is approved, you plan to make your residence in North Carolina immediately?
- Answer: Yes sir

VERDICT: Dr. Charles H. Merrill was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina, when he locates in the state.

RE: Dr. Michael Judson Moore appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to Bowman Gray School of Medicine. He said he would go to Bowman Gray July 1st.

VERDICT: Dr. Michael Judson Moore was approved for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to Bowman Gray School of Medicine.

RE: Dr. James Grady McClure, resident, appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine. He said that his residency began November, 1952. Upon being questioned he said he was not notified that he was required to have license when he received his appointment.

VERDICT: Dr. James Grady McClure was approved for license by endorsement of credentials limited to the University of North Carolina School of Medicine.

RE: Hospital Residents - Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that the secretary write Dr. R. B. Raney, Department of Orthopaedics at the University of North Carolina School of Medicine and advise him that Dr. James Grady McClure appeared before the board applying for medical license after practicing as a resident in orthopaedics without license from November, 1952. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Ernest Tittle Newell appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said that he had lived most of his life in North Carolina; that he planned to locate in Dobson when released from service June 30th, 1953.

VERDICT: Dr. Ernest Tittle Newell was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Bernard Low Patterson appeared with incomplete credentials applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He stated he planned to locate in Louisburg upon completion of his internship; that he would be associated with Dr. W. C. Perry in general practice.

VERDICT: Dr. Bernard Low Patterson was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina, if and when he has completed his credentials satisfactorily to the secretary.



RE: Dr. William Peter Perednia appeared with incomplete credentials applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said he planned to settle in or around this region about July 1st but had not decided upon a location.

Dr. Johnson: Would you be satisfied to pick up your license, if you are approved, when you come to North Carolina and satisfy the secretary that you are permanently locating in North Carolina.

Answer: Yes.

Dr. Combs: Are you ready to go to practice?

Answer: Not now, I will be released from the Navy June 1st.

VERDICT: Dr. William Peter Perednia was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina, when and if his credentials are completed and he satisfies the secretary that he is permanently locating in North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Florian John Bernard Ragaz appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. He said that he planned to locate in Marion; that his wife is from that county; that he would like to begin practice by the end of May.

Dr. Rousseau: You have not done any practice?

Answer: No.

VERDICT: Dr. Florian John Bernard Ragaz was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. John Edwin Scott appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated he planned to locate in Greensboro to do general practice.

Dr. Johnson: What are your connections in North Carolina?

Answer: I am located at Camp Pickett, Virginia. I worked with Dr. Melvin Lea in Panama.

Dr. Johnson: When do you plan to go to Greensboro?

Answer: In July

Dr. Combs: You are definitely going to Greensboro?

Answer: Yes, I will be out of the army in July.

VERDICT: Dr. John Edwin Scott was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Robert John Sheridan appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated he planned to locate in Tarboro to be associated with the Tarboro Clinic to do pure pediatrics; that he is board eligible. He said he would come to Tarboro August 15th.

VERDICT: Dr. Robert John Sheridan was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Stuart Cameron Smith appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated he planned to locate with Dr. D. G. Welton, Charlotte, and do dermatology; that he would go there in July, 1953.

VERDICT: Dr. Stuart Cameron Smith was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Richard Gresham Stoneburner appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina

VERDICT: Dr. Richard Gresham Stoneburner was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.



RE: Dr. Kenneth Claire Stout appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to City Memorial Hospital, Winston-Salem; that he will go there as a resident July 1st, 1953.

VERDICT: Dr. Kenneth Claire Stout was approved for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to City Memorial Hospital, Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

RE: Dr. William White Trigg, Jr. appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated that he would locate in Reidsville with Drs. Nester and Forbes July 1st, 1953.

VERDICT: Dr. William White Trigg, Jr. was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Frederick Jacob Wampler appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated that he had gone with the State Board of Health as Granville County Health Officer.

Dr. Johnson: Do you definitely plan to come to North Carolina?  
Answer: I am already living here.

VERDICT: Dr. Frederick Jacob Wampler was approved for license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. John Lambdin Whaley appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated he planned to become associated with the Tarboro Clinic and do internal medicine; that he would go there July 1st.

VERDICT: Dr. John Lambdin Whaley was approved for license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. Barbara Ann Wood appeared before the board January 19th, 1953 with incomplete credentials, applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina. She said she planned to do part time work for the Board of Health. Dr. Wood's complete credentials were presented at this time, but Dr. Wood was not required to make another appearance.

VERDICT: Dr. Barbara Ann Wood was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and that the date be extended to cover approval.

RE: Dr. Eugene Joseph Henry Linberg, resident at Duke University School of Medicine who had made application for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to Duke, failed to appear.

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that Dr. Eugene Joseph Henry Linberg be instructed to stop his residency until he appears before the board and receives limited license and Dr. Amos N. Johnson was instructed to so advise him. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously. (See page 105)

RE: Dr. Emil Blair, research fellow in the Department of Medicine, Duke University School of Medicine, applied for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to Duke University School of Medicine, however, credentials were incomplete. Dr. Blair failed to appear.

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that if Dr. Emil Blair is not seeing patients he does not have to have license, but if he is seeing patients, he is to desist. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.



The following physicians were licensed by endorsement of credentials:

<u>NAME</u>	<u>MEDICAL SCHOOL</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>
Frank Pearson Anderson, Jr.	Med. Coll. S.C.	Durham, N. C.
Charles Edward Angstadt	Temple Univ.	Raleigh, N. C.
Howard Milton Ausherman	Coll. Med. Evan.	Durham, N. C.
Robert Carl Bailey	Western Reserve	Concord, N. C.
Hubert Elmore Batten	Med. Coll. Va.	Richmond, Va.
Morton D. Bogdonoff	Cornell Univ.	Durham, N. C.
License limited Duke University School Medicine		
Hubert Morris Caddell	Med. Coll. Ga.	Hoffman, N. C.
Tillie Horkey Caddell	Med. Coll. Ga.	Noffman, N.C.
Holstein DeHaven Cleaver, Jr.	Temple Univ.	Durham, N. C.
Kenneth Edward Cosgrove	N. Y. U. Coll. Med	White River Jct, Vt.
Daniel LeRoy Crandell	Cornell Univ.	New York, N. Y.
Robert William Gebhardt	Univ. Maryland	Baltimore, Md.
Phyllis Ray Ingram	Univ. Maryland	Durham, N. C.
Henry LeRoy Izlar, Jr.	Duke University	Durham, N. C.
License limited Duke University School Medicine		
Gloria Jang	Bowman Gray	Winston-Salem, N.C.
License limited Graylyn, Bowman Gray School Medicine		
John Guthrie Kerr	Univ. St. Andrews	Rocky Mount, N. C.
Ethen Sease Koon, Jr.	Duke University	Asheville, N. C.
Eugene Joseph Henry Linberg	Duke University	Durham, N. C.
License limited Duke University School Medicine		
Frank Perry Lloyd	Howard University	Washington, D.C.
Richard Myron Margolis	Western Reserve	Wilmington, N. C.
License limited James Walker Memorial Hospital		
Charles H. Merrill	Harvard Univ.	Lenoir, N. C.
Michael Judson Moore	Med. Coll. Va.	Beckley, W. Va.
License limited Bowman Gray School Medicine		
James Grady McClure	Univ. Tennessee	Chapel Hill, N. C.
License limited University North Carolina School Medicine		
Thomas Palmer Nash III	Univ. Tennessee	Elizabeth City, N.C.
Ernest Tittle Newell	Duke University	Ft. Campbell, Ky.
Bernard Low Patterson	Med. Coll. Va.	Raleigh, N. C.
Florian John Bernard Ragaz	Univ. Wisconsin	Marion, N. C.
John Edwin Scott	Wayne University	Middletown, Ohio
Robert John Sheridan	Duke University	Ann Arbor, Mich.
Stuart Cameron Smith	Duke University	State Island, N. Y.
Richard Gresham Stoneburner	Med. Coll. Va.	Beckley, W. Va.
Kenneth Claire Stout	Univ. Nebraska	Nashville, Tenn.
License limited City Memorial Hospital		
William White Trigg, Jr.	Med. Coll. Va.	Richmond, Va.
Frederick Jacob Wampler	Rush Med. Coll.	Oxford, N. C.
John Lambdin Whaley	Med. Coll. Va.	Richmond, Va.
Barbara Ann Wood	N. Y. Med. Coll.	Asheville, N. C.

RE: James H. Jackson vs Dr. T. H. Joyner - In November, 1952 the attorney for the plaintiff in the above case forwarded a petition to the board to revoke the license of Dr. Joyner because of allegations of numerous matters in regard to the death of the daughter of the plaintiff. The secretary forwarded a copy of said petition to Dr. Joyner, with the advice that the petition would be presented to the board at its meeting on January 19th, 1953. Attorney John Anderson advised the board that this was a civil litigation; that it was tried twice in Superior Court, each of which trials resulted in a verdict for Dr. Joyner, it was appealed twice to Supreme Court and each time the Supreme Court sent the case back to the Superior Court because of errors of law, and that it had not been tried again in Superior Court. Photostatic copies of exhibits used in the trial of the case and the records of appeal to the Supreme Court were furnished the board.

The Board of Medical Examiners at its January, 1953 meeting took no action at that time on the petition of the plaintiff.

April 27th, 1953 the secretary was advised by Dr. Joyner that this case had been settled; that payment had been made to the plaintiff in the sum of \$3,500.00. The secretary thereupon wrote Dr. Joyner and advised him that since there had been so much correspondence and question brought up in this case, he thought it would be beneficial for him to come before the board and explain the situation.

May 11th, 1953 Dr. Joyner appeared before the board and made a statement.



Dr. Joyner said that the uncle of the child was the attorney in this case. He gave a detailed report (see file) from the pre-operative examination until the time of death; that he was in attendance following the operation and did everything that he could possibly do; that the spinal fluid was negative. He said that he did put on the death certificate meningitis; that he had never seen a case like it; that no final diagnosis was made, but the most likely explanation was anesthesia death, though not typical with reference to its course.

Dr. Joyner stated that the insurance company handling his case asked since it had been tried in superior court twice, appealed to supreme court twice and each time sent back to superior court, to settle the same if the plaintiff would accept \$3,500.00, as it cost so much to handle the same. He said that he agreed to it as he wanted to get through with it.

The secretary explained to Dr. Joyner that it was not the policy of the board to take any action while a case was in litigation; that he was given the opportunity to come before the board and discuss the situation.

RE: Dr. Pierre A. Finck (See page 65) - Dr. Finck stated that a state license would be required in order that he might take the American Boards in pathology; that he is an instructor in pathology at the University of Tennessee; that citizenship is required in the State of Tennessee for licensure; that he made application for licensure in this state because citizenship is not a requisite; that he is a Swiss citizen.

Dr. Combs: You do not intend to come to North Carolina?  
 Answer: No sir. I intend to stay in this country but I do not know what state. The secretary of the American Board said if you go back to Switzerland you might take the board without license, but if you stay in the United States, you will have to have license before taking the American Board.

Dr. Combs explained that the board did not look with favor on granting license to one who is not coming to this state; that it would not benefit the citizens of the state.

VERDICT: Dr. Pierre A. Finck was advised that it was the duty of the Tennessee Board to help him but that if he were coming to North Carolina the North Carolina Board should help him; that before being given the privilege of taking the written examination he would have to show that he was coming to North Carolina; that if he should come to North Carolina the board would entertain an application at that time.

RE: Dr. John David Charlton, graduate of the University of Western Ontario, Canada, appeared applying for the privilege of taking the written examination for licensure.

Dr. Combs: You are a Canadian citizen, have a permanent visa and want to become a citizen of the United States and practice medicine in North Carolina?

Answer: Yes

Dr. Combs: Have you selected a location?

Answer: No, I am at Duke in allergy, whether I will be there this year only or another year, I am not quite certain. He has asked me to stay another year. He has been going over a list of places and is keen on my locating here.

Dr. Combs: What states accept your Medical Council examinations?

Answer: I do not know of any reciprocity with any states and the Canadian Medical Council.

Dr. Combs: You are applying asking for permission to take the written examination?

Answer: Yes, and naturally if there is any chance of reciprocity on the first two years, I would appreciate that.

Dr. Combs: Unless we gave reciprocity on some board in toto you would have to take all four years of the examination.

Dr. Hedrick: You intend to practice in this state after completion of your work at Duke?

Answer: Yes.



VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that Dr. John David Charlton be granted the privilege of taking the written examination for licensure in June, 1953. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

The meeting was adjourned.

Monday, May 11th, 4 P. M. - The board convened with all members present with the exception of Dr. Amos N. Johnson.

RE: Dr. William N. McDuffie, Robbins, North Carolina - The secretary presented report of the Narcotic Bureau under date of April 7th, 1953 stating that Dr. McDuffie had admitted, when interviewed February 5th, 1953, that he and his wife were using eight grains of morphine daily; that in a year he had purchased a total of 34,500  $\frac{1}{4}$  grain morphine tablets; that he surrendered his narcotic special tax stamp and agreed not to reregister under the Federal Narcotic Law for a period of two years. That he stated he and his wife would enter the United States Public Health Service Hospital at Lexington, Kentucky for treatment of their drug addiction.

On April 14th, 1953, in reply to inquiry of the secretary, Dr. H. A. Peck, Secretary of the Moore County Medical Society, advised that at that time Dr. McDuffie was vacationing in Florida and his wife was a patient in the Moore County Hospital.

VERDICT: Dr. N. P. Battle moved that Dr. William N. McDuffie be requested to appear before the board at the June, 1953 meeting. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Edgar V. Green, Youngsville, North Carolina - The secretary presented report of the Narcotic Bureau under date of April 7th, 1953 stating that Dr. Green admitted to the narcotic agent that a majority of drugs purchased (in one year a total of 19,900  $\frac{1}{4}$  grain morphine tablets, 5,800 tablets, 100 mgm. demerol, 160  $\frac{1}{20}$  grain dilaudid tablets); that he surrendered his narcotic special tax stamp on February 21st, 1953 and agreed not to reregister under the Federal Narcotic Law for a period of 18 months; that Dr. Green had received treatment at Graylyn.

On April 21st, 1953, in reply to inquiry by the secretary, Dr. Lloyd J. Thompson, Director of Graylyn, reported that Dr. Green was admitted to Graylyn on March 11th, 1953 for treatment of narcotic addiction; that he made rapid progress in getting off the drugs, and was discharged April 8th, 1953; that he was a co-operative patient and he believed gained some insight into his problem; that he had some plans to change his practice and way of living so that there would be a lessening of stress and strain.

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that Dr. Edgar V. Green be requested to appear before the board at the June, 1953 meeting. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and the same was passed unanimously.

The secretary was excused from the meeting to discuss before the House of Delegates the annual report of the Board of Medical Examiners and legislation passed in the 1953 General Assembly.

RE: Dr. David E. Plummer - At the January, 1953 meeting the board directed that the secretary request investigation of Dr. Plummer by the Narcotic Bureau and the following is report of the narcotic agent of April 17th, 1953:

"Reference is made to letter dated January 28, 1953 from the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina regarding a re-investigation of the above named physician.

"On April 14, 1953 the prescription file of the Poole 's Drug Store and the Thomasville Drug Co., both of Thomasville, N. C., was checked with the following results;

"The Poole 's Drug Store had 188 prescriptions calling for a total of 4,488 codeine tablets grains  $\frac{1}{2}$ , 15 prescriptions for a total of 72 ampoules of demerol 2 cc (100 mgm), 4 prescriptions calling for a total 28 tablets dilaudid  $\frac{1}{32}$  grain, 1 prescription for 6 tablets pantopon  $\frac{1}{3}$  grain, 1 prescription for morphine sulphate  $12\text{-}\frac{1}{4}$  grain, 34 prescriptions for a total of 786 tablets of empirin with codeine No. 4. These prescriptions were written by Dr. Plummer himself from January 17, 1953 to April 3, 1953.



"When the above named Agent called on Dr. Plummer (April 14, 1953) he was in bed. This was around 1 P. M. Dr. Plummer stated that he had been up nearly all night and that he also had an attack of asthma. When Dr. Plummer was asked why he had written the above prescriptions after he had surrendered his narcotic license, he replied that his year was up and he thought it was all right for him to do so. Dr. Plummer emphatically denied that he was using any narcotic drugs of any kind.

"Dr. Russell P. Harris has left Thomasville, N. C., and has located in Leaksville, N. C."

S/ "Wm. T. Atkinson, Narcotic Agent"

Dr. J. P. Rousseau reported that he talked to the Poole's Drug Store, Thomasville, where he was advised that Dr. Plummer had phoned in many prescriptions in addition to the ones he had Dr. Harris sign; that Dr. Harris had moved to Leaksville; that Dr. Plummer called on him to come to Thomasville and help him; that Dr. Plummer did not follow his suggestion and write the secretary for an interview at this meeting.

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that the board request Dr. David E. Plummer to report to the board in June, 1953 for a hearing. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Oliver Benjamin Williams, Charlotte, North Carolina. - At the January, 1953 meeting, at which time Dr. Williams appeared with reference to narcotic addiction, he was requested to report to Dr. M. B. Bethel, the physician of his choice, for surveillance. On April 13th, 1953, in reply to inquiry of the secretary, Dr. Bethel reported that Dr. Williams had not reported to him; that he had been ill and that might account for Dr. Williams not having reported. Due to his incapacity Dr. Bethel asked to be relieved of this assignment.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Oliver Benjamin Williams be requested to appear before the board at its June, 1953 meeting. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. J. D. Cochran - Dr. H. C. Thompson reported that he had been to Newton to interview Dr. Cochran; that he said he had cut off all addicts for whom he was prescribing without any explanation; that the word had gotten around that he had lost his license; that he had not ordered any morphine as he still had enough for his needs; that he usually prescribed codeine; that Dr. Cochran looked all right. He also interviewed the druggist at Clapp's Drug Store, who stated that three to four months ago Dr. Cochran suddenly stopped prescribing morphine and that he was still filling prescriptions for the people whom Dr. Cochran had taken care of, but they were under the care of another physician; that the druggist said Dr. Cochran looked better than he had in years.

Dr. G. R. Hedrick said he had talked to Dr. Glenn Long, President of the staff of Catawba Hospital of Newton, and presented a letter from Dr. Long under date of May 5th, 1953 in which Dr. Long said he considered Dr. Cochran's conduct above reproach and that he had continued him on the medical staff at the Catawba Hospital.

VERDICT: Dr. J. J. Combs moved that the board thank Dr. H. C. Thompson for his excellent report and that he continue to observe Dr. J. C. Cochran and report at the October, 1953 meeting. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. W. J. Vestal, Lexington, North Carolina - The secretary reported that Dr. Vestal expired December 7th, 1952. (See Minutes of the board January, 1952)

The secretary presented the following letter under date of March 23rd, 1953 from Dr. J. Street Brewer, President of the State Medical Society:

"Occasionally I receive letters from doctors and sometimes from laymen that the Board of Medical Examiners seems a little too arbitrary regarding doctors beginning work a few weeks or months before the next meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners. The same seems to work this way, so they say. A doctor or hospital or a community will have decided on a physician to come in. His qualifications are good and there is little doubt that he will receive a license when he takes an examination or appears before the board. But while the meeting of the board may be several weeks away the board will not allow the physician in question to come



in and start work until he has been formally approved and licensed. This procedure I know is according to law and the Board of Medical Examiners must be on the alert but I do not believe that in certain instances it is bad public relations and sometimes results in ill feeling toward the board and the medical profession in North Carolina. Whenever it appears feasible and indications are that the applicant will be licensed when he appears before the board, I really can see no reason he should not begin work if it is going to be several weeks before the board meets.

"Please understand that I am not making an effort to dictate to your board but only calling your attention to public complaints and criticisms I have heard."

S/ "J. Street Brewer, President"

The secretary's reply under date of March 27th, 1953, as follows was also presented:

"I want to thank you for your letter of March 23rd.

"I can see whereby the Board of Medical Examiners trying to stick to the law will create some illwill in local sectors when the board does not agree to do what the petitioner at that moment wants done. The board has discussed this matter very carefully and has consulted its attorney, Mr. John H. Anderson. In all of our actions we have tried to carry out the Medical Practice Act. We have been informed by Mr. Anderson that the law gives us three privileges; first, the granting of license; second, the revoking of license; and third, the right to report to the Attorney General instances of violations of the Medical Practice Act. Mr. Anderson has definitely told us that we do not have the right or privilege to tell any physician that he can practice in the State of North Carolina before license is granted.

"As you state in your letter, you are familiar with what I have repeated in the above paragraph, but the board at its last meeting gave me explicit instructions to put on all requirements sent to doctors applying for license in North Carolina by endorsement of credentials the statement that they should not begin practice in our state until they have received their license.

"The only way to prevent ill feelings and inconveniences to certain parties, as I see it, would be for the Medical Practice Act to be amended so that temporary license could be granted. This is done in several states. The secretary of the State Board of Utah read a paper at the last meeting of the Federation on the plan used in his state. Temporary license, of course, then would not be granted until the applicant had his full credentials in the hands of the secretary. Even this delay in some cases causes illwill because as the doctor usually states it, I have this license and why can't I go to work right away. Our good friends very often call up and make requests for their own personal convenience and are irritated when they can not be granted.

"I appreciate your calling this to my attention and I want you to feel that you can always point out criticism of our action. I can assure you that on my part, it will be accepted as you mean it for the betterment of the citizens of North Carolina and the medical profession. I have appreciated since I have been secretary the close co-operation between the society and the board.

"Mr. Anderson and I have been in close co-operation and contact on the proposed uniform procedure act. We have had a hearing before the committee and the subcommittee and at present I believe that we have gotten the State Board of Medical Examiners excluded along with the lawyers and the dentists from this act. This action carried with it Mr. Anderson's and my promise that we would proceed to amend the Medical Practice Act to give all interested parties the right of judicial review.

"I received a resolution from the Cherokee County Medical Society against House Bill #833 introduced in the legislature to license one Samuel P. Mason in Clay County. The reply to this letter stated that the matter had been taken care of. I had a good opportunity to inform a distant county medical society the good work carried on by the State Medical Society in watching such bills in the legislature."

S/ "Joseph J. Combs, Secretary  
North Carolina Board Medical Examiners"

VERDICT: The board approved the secretary's letter to Dr. J. Street Brewer.



RE: Dr. Leonard M. Rothstein, graduate of a grade B school, at the October, 1952 meeting of the board was granted special limited license to remain as a resident in the Department of Psychiatry at Duke University School of Medicine, not to exceed two years. On April 17th, 1953 Dr. Rothstein wrote the secretary stating that he had been accepted for admission to advanced standing at the Duke University School of Medicine and upon satisfactorily repeating the fourth year's work, would be eligible for a new M. D. degree. He asked when he received his M. D. from Duke, if he could be considered for licensure by endorsement on the basis of reciprocity with his Illinois license obtained by examination in 1948.

VERDICT: Dr. N. P. Battle moved that upon receiving the M. D. degree from Duke University School of Medicine, Dr. Leonard M. Rothstein would be allowed to take the written examination for license; that the board could not grant him a license by endorsement from his Illinois license. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. John Francis Gallagher - At the January, 1952 meeting the board ruled that Dr. Gallagher be issued medical license if and when he furnished the secretary evidence that he was coming into the state and issuance was contingent on the approval of the secretary. The following letter under date of March 9th, 1953 was presented by the secretary:

"During January 1952 I appeared before your State Medical Board and applied for a license to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina by reciprocity. To date, I have never received any word as to whether the license is forthcoming or not. I received a letter last year from the State Medical Society listing a number of towns that were in need of a physician. I have since made two trips to North Carolina and visited a number of the towns mentioned in the eastern part of the state. At another time, I visited a number of towns in the central part of the state. Sometime this summer I expect to spend a greater portion of time in North Carolina on my vacation and hope to find a suitable location. Please advise because recently I received a notification from the U. S. Navy that I have been assigned to Ready Reserve."

S/ "John F. Gallagher"

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that Dr. John Francis Gallagher be advised that his application was acted upon favorably at his appearance in January, 1952 but due to the length of time that has transpired between then and his locating in North Carolina, it will be necessary that he make another appearance before the board before procuring license. That the action of the board will hold unless something detrimental to his character comes to the attention of the board in the interim; that the action of the board will be extended to January 1st, 1954. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Roger A. Jackson at the Veterans Administration Hospital in Fayetteville, a graduate of the University of Western Ontario and a licentiate of the Medical Council of Canada, has requested that special consideration be given him to obtain license in North Carolina by endorsement of credentials.

VERDICT: Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Roger A. Jackson be advised he might take the written examination in toto; that the board of Medical Examiners has no reciprocal relations with the Medical Council of Canada. This motion was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

RE: Dr. Joseph E. Cooper, graduate of Temple University School of Medicine, 1951, stationed at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina - At the suggestion of Dr. J. Earl McIntyre, Secretary of the Michigan Board of Medical Examiners, Dr. Cooper has requested the privilege of taking the written examination in June, 1953, so that he may be able to obtain Michigan license by endorsement due to the inconvenience of obtaining naval leave to go to Michigan to take the written examination. Dr. Cooper desires to begin practice in Michigan July 1st, 1953, and has asked special consideration of the board in giving him license by July, 1953. Dr. McIntyre has also requested this consideration and stated that the border line states to Michigan granted this privilege to military personnel in order to expedite licensure.

VERDICT: Dr. Thompson moved that Dr. Joseph E. Cooper be allowed to take the written examination in June, 1953 and be given priority in the grading of



his papers. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. J. Combs and passed unanimously.

RE: State vs W. T. Loesch - The secretary reported that Loesch ("hair expert") had been indicted in the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County for practicing medicine without a license; that the defendant filed a motion to quash on the grounds that the indictment was defective in that it did not comply with the provision in GS 90-21, that the Attorney General upon complaint of the Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina shall investigate the charges preferred and if in his judgment the law had been violated, he should direct the solicitor of the district in which the offense was committed to institute criminal action. The motion was allowed and the state appealed to the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court found that there is nothing in GS 90 which would deprive the solicitor of his constitutional authority to prosecute violations of the criminal laws of the state. Numerous cases were cited in this connection. The court refused to allow the indictment to be quashed on this technicality.

RE: NATIONAL BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS (See page 67) - The secretary reported certain views obtained at the meeting of the Federation of Medical Boards and the board discussed the National Board at length which question was discussed at the July, 1951 meeting of the board and has been under consideration since that time.

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that the president appoint a committee to give careful study of the National Board of Medical Examiners to give definite reasons, with legal advice, why we object to the National Board at the June meeting; that a formal invitation be extended to the deans of the medical schools in the state to meet with the board at the June meeting. That after the conference with the deans, the board pass a resolution as to what it intends to do about National Boards and take the same to the Executive Council of the State Medical Society for its approval. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

The president appointed the following committee to study the question of the National Board of Medical Examiners: Dr. J. P. Rousseau, Chairman, Dr. J. J. Combs and Dr. Amos N. Johnson.

RE: Salary Assistant Secretary - Dr. H. A. Thompson moved that the salary of the assistant secretary be raised to \$275.00 per month, effective May 1st, 1953. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. J. P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

The meeting was adjourned.

Wednesday, May 13th, 1953, 10 A. M. - The board convened with all members present with the exception of Dr. Amos N. Johnson.

RE: Dr. Thomas Palmer Nash III appeared applying for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina and stated that he planned to locate in Elizabeth City; that he had moved there. Dr. Nash was granted the privilege of coming before the board at this time due to the fact that he was taking his American Boards at the time other applicants for licensure by endorsement were interviewed.

VERDICT: Dr. Thomas Palmer Nash III was approved for license by endorsement of credentials to practice medicine in the State of North Carolina.

RE: Dr. L. J. Moorefield, Mount Airy, North Carolina - The secretary reported that Dr. Moorefield, who voluntarily surrendered his narcotic license in February, 1952, at the request of the board, because of his connection with the Waughtown Drug Store case, had been granted the privilege of an interview at this time. That he had just received a long distance telephone call that Dr. Moorefield had been involved in an automobile accident enroute to the meeting and would be unable to attend.

RE: Dr. Eugene Joseph Henry Linberg, resident at Duke University School of Medicine (See page 91) - Dr. Linberg appeared applying for licensure by endorsement, limited to Duke University School of Medicine.



VERDICT: Dr. Eugene Joseph Henry Linberg was approved for license by endorsement of credentials, limited to Duke University School of Medicine.

RE: Dr. William H. Harrell, Creswell, North Carolina - Following up report at the January, 1953 meeting of the board, Dr. L. R. Doffermyre moved that Dr. Harrell be requested to appear before the Board of Medical Examiners in June, 1953. This was duly seconded by Dr. J. P. Rousseau and passed unanimously.

RE: State of Wyoming - Reciprocity - The secretary reported that in reviewing policies of the various state boards with reference to reciprocal relations, it was learned that Wyoming had no reciprocal relations. The following is letter under date of April 15th, 1953 from the secretary of the Wyoming Board of Medical Examiners in answer to inquiry as to the policy of the board:

"Replying to your letter of April 9th this is to advise you that the State of Wyoming's Board of Medical Examiners does not grant licenses to practice medicine through reciprocity or by endorsement of credentials."

S/ "Franklin D. Yoder, M. D., Secretary  
"Wyoming Board of Medical Examiners"

VERDICT: Dr. J. P. Rousseau moved that since the State of Wyoming does not recognize credentials of the State of North Carolina, that North Carolina not recognize the credentials of the State of Wyoming. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

The president directed that the secretary write the secretary of the Wyoming Board of Medical Examiners and ask if licentiates from another state have to take the written examination to procure license in Wyoming.

During the meeting of the board Drs. L. A. Crowell and R. B. McKnight, former members of the Board of Medical Examiners, sat in on a session.

The meeting was adjourned.

Wednesday, May 13th, 1953, 2 P. M. - The board convened with all members present with the exception of Dr. Amos N. Johnson.

RE: Minutes of the January 18-19th, 1953 meeting were read. Dr. H. A. Thompson moved that the minutes be approved. This motion was duly seconded by Dr. L. R. Doffermyre and passed unanimously.

RE: June, 1953 meeting - The board ruled that this meeting convene Sunday evening, June 21st, at 7 P. M.

The members of the board signed the certificates.

It was moved and seconded that the meeting be adjourned.

Signed Joseph J. Combs, M. D.  
JOSEPH J. COMBS,  
Secretary-Treasurer



